## SUBMARINE FOR THE ARMY

The submarine for the army is the and survey visited Newport, where latest proposed adjunct to our mili- the Protector has been since the midthis may seem, still, from the view- through an inspired schedule of compoint of an especially appointed board of experts, there are many of the soundest reasons for this novel proposition. Just whether or not the navy will take kindly to this apparent trespass upon its hereditary prerogatives have been cunning enough to grasp the significant possibilities of a good thing and to place to their credit the official record of prior recognition.

For morths the Lake Torpedo Boat company has been seeking recognition Jan. 12 the naval board of inspection | through a most convincing series of in Boston Herald.

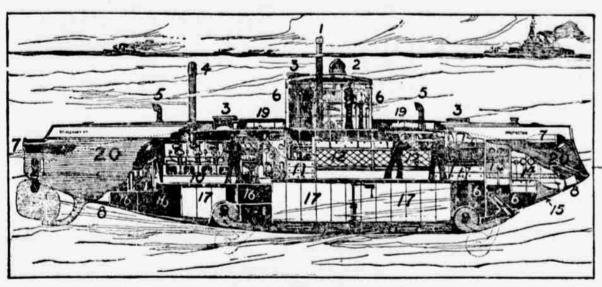
petition with an "imaginary" submarine of a rival order.

Ice in the bay, on that date, prevented speed trials over the measured mile course, and the board, being a much engaged body, decided to is not for present discussion, but the abandon the tests until weeks later. fact remains that the army experts The next day the bay was clear and so remained for five days following. but the board and turned southward.

The army, however, was alive to the occasion, and just a week later, with the thermometer below zero and from the navy department, and on Newport and actually put the boat

tests. The result of that day's work was a report that recommends the im-Anomalous as die of November last, to put the craft mediate purchase of five submarines of the Lake pattern; and this recommendation is now receiving the serious consideration or the military general staff.

Standing as the last bulwark against a possible foe are the submarine defenses of our seaports. These are intended to effectually stop such of the enemy's craft as may be able to escape destruction by our gunfire. They are planted in the fields, so to speak i. e., in symmetrically disposed groups, and so arranged that it would be wellnigh impossible for a hostile ship to the bay again full of ice, arrived at pass them if the mines were in proper working order.-Robert G. Skerrett



Inboard Profile of "Protector."

1. Omniscope. 2. Armored sighting-hood. 3. Hatches, 4. Smokestack of gas engines, 5. Ventilators, 6. Conning-tower. 7. Torpedo tubes. 8. Anchor weights in their wells. 9. Riding wheels housed. 10. One of the gas engines. 11. Pantry. 12. Folding bunks and transoms. 13. Air-coci., 14. Diving chamber, 15. Diving door, 16. Submerging tanks. 17. Storage batteries. 18. Emergency drop keel. 19. Air flasks and gasoline tanks. 20. Line of spindle-formed main hull.

#### TO BE DECIDED LATER.

When the Boy Would Know if He Had Had Enough. The boy, who was visiting his indul-

gent aunt, had eaten heartily of the preserves. "Don't you think you've had enough,

Willie?" she asked. "Don't know," he replied.

Don't know!" "Nope. Can't tell yet," he said.

"But what do you think?"

"Ain't any use thinking at all. I got to know. Thinking don't help any if you think wrong." Well, you're the most remarkable his loyalty outraged.

boy I ever saw," said his aunt. "When will you know?" "In half an hour."

'And how will you know?"

"Well, that's easy," replied the wise boy. "If I ain't sick in half an hour I'll be sorry I didn't take more, and if I am sick I'll be sorry I took so much. That's the only way to tell that I

His aunt admitted that it left no room for doubt, but she tried to point out that it was rather unsatisfactory, to which the boy merely replied that he wished there was a better way,

but he didn't know of any.

The number of students at the University of Berlin is higher just now than at any time since its foundation in 1810. There are 7,503 matriculated students, of whom 331 belong to the theological, 2,565 to the juridical, 3,-414 to the philosophical and 1,193 to

the students.

#### MADE JIMMIE WALK HOME.

"Cumple" Sherman Resented Disloyalty to the Flag.

When Gen. Sherman was a small boy one of his intimate playfellows was James G. Blaine. The two boys, together with Hoyt, a younger brother of the general, were out driving one day, when, as they passed a flag waving in the breeze, "Jimmie" Blaine placed a thumb on the tip of his nose and made a very disrespectful gesture toward the banner.

"Did you mean to do that at the flag?" demanded "Cumple" Sherman,

"Yes, I did," declared Jimmie stout-"Well, if you do it again I'll put you

Nothing more was said, and the drive proceeded enjoyably. On the way home the flag was passed again and again Jimmie Blaine put his

thumb to the tip of his nose, and so

forth. Cumple reined in the horse took the struggling Jimmle and gently but firmly lifted him out of the wagon. Then, in spite of Hoyt's remonstrance that that was not the proper way to dotes of the New Pope" in the Centreat a guest, he drove off, leaving Jimmie to tramp the ten miles home as best he might.-Lippincott's Maga

#### Fine Sables for Bride.

One of the most unlawe gifts ever received by a bride-to-be, says the London Express, is the sables which Baron de Forest has given Miss Ethel the medical faculties, respectively. Of Gerard. They are of wonderful soft-foreigners, no fewer than 1,184 are ness and are black as coal, without 35,000,000 tons of freight—three times registered, being nearly one-sixth of any suggestion of brown. They are said to be the finest in England.

#### SIMPLICITY OF THE POPE.

How He Once Prepared Coffee for a

Guest with His Own Hands. One morning early, a friend of mine. a Venetian robleman, called on him. Mgr. Sarto had said mass and settled down to work. His sisters had gone out to mass, or for the household marketing, which they were doing at the Rialto on Aug. 4, 1903, the day of wonders in their simple life.

"Has the count taken coffee?" asked the bishop.

"Well, to tell the truth, no, because the business was urgent, and I have come straight from the railway station," the guest replied.

No excuse availed, and Mgr. Sarto rose and went into the kitchen. So the bishop of ducal Mantua and his guest might have been seen there talking and laughing, while monsignor coaxed the charcoal with a black kitchen fan, the coffee fizzed in a tin pot on the range, and the count got out cups and saucers, in order to save his distinguished host what menial service he could. Then they had coffee together at the kitchen table.-From William J. D. Croke's "Anec tury.

Electrical Manufactures

During 1903 the United States pro duced \$234,500,000 worth of electrical apparatus and machines used in connection with electric plants and work-

Sop Tonnage Exceeds Suez.

as much as was carried on the Suez

HE TOLD THE TRUTH. Reluctant Singer Very Properly De-

scribed His Voice. Once a number of kindred spirits were enjoying a supper in the land of Burns. When the cloth was removed and the usual toasts were proposed some one suggested a song. The efforts of the first Scotchman met with such a hearty reception that others were induced to follow his example.

In the end it was found that every one had contributed to the evening's entertainment but the medical gentleman who occupied the vice chair.

"Come, come, Dr. Macdonald," said the chairman, "we cannot let you es-

The doctor protested he could not

sing. "As a matter of fact," he explained. "my voice is altogether unmusical, and resembles the sound caused by the act of rubbing a brick along the panels of

a door." The company attributed this to the doctor's modesty. Good singers, he was reminded, always needed a lot of

"Very well," said the doctor, "if you can stand it, I will sing."

dience was uneasy. The unwilling singer had faithfully described his

There was a painful silence as the doctor sat down, broken at length by the voice of a braw Scot at the end of the table. "Mon." he exclaimed. "your singin's

no up to much, but your veracity's just awfu'! Ye're right about that brick." -Tit Bits.

#### Profitable Anger.

My old medical preceptor told me that when he was a boy his father took him to a Woctor who told him that he could not live long, but it made him angry .nd he went home with his father, b'ed up some nails and took the Iron dust as medicine. then he went to the san-bush and built him a hut and lived there during the run, making maple sugar. He got well and is living to-day, so far as I know, while that must have been a half-century ago. Some people may prefer calling it determination in place of anger.-Earl M. Pratt.

## A JAPANESE ROYAL WEDDING.

A NECKLACE WORTH \$125,000.

What the Jewelers' Circular describes as

one of the most elaborate and expensive necklaces

seen in the trade for some time was taken to Europe re-

certly by a New York dealer in diamonds and pearls. The ac-

companying illustration reproduced from the Circular shows the actua

size of the ornament, which is composed of diamonds and pearls of ex-

tremely large size and excellent quality, mounted in gold and platinum,

and arranged alternately with a pearl and a diamond. In the entire neck-

lace there were 700 diamonds, weighing in all 375 carats, and 147 pearls,

weighing 1,100 grains. Two of the largest diamonds weighed 30 carats each

while the others grade downward in weight to 15 carats. The largest pearl

weighs 9812 grains. Each of the large pearls and each of the large dia-

mords are set in a cluster of 14 smaller diamonds, interset with 10 still

Among the diamonds are several widely known stones, including the Alvin Joslin gems, the Maximilian diamonds, two other diamonds which once formed the chief stones in a pair of link cuff luttons that belonged to Boss" Tweed, and two of the Hope diamonds. The two Tweed diamonds weigh 45 carats, and the two Joslin diamonds 40 carats. The pendant attached consists of a pourl, mounted in the center of a cluster of diamonds, with three pear-shaped pearl drops, it can be used as a corsage piece or brooch pin.

smaller diamonds. The pearls are likewise mounted.

#### Cortege Must Have Presented an Im posing Appearance.

"The royal wedding of the Crown Prince of Japan, some four years ago, was celebrated with national rejoicings," writes Florence Eldridge in her article on Yoshihito, Crown Prince of Japan, in the March Pearson's. "The city of Tokio was transformed into a veritable fair ground with arches of flowers, festivals, numerous processions and congratulatory emblems. A new postage stamp was issued to commemorate the happy day. Thousands of people thronged the streets and gathered to see the imperial procession pass, standing respectfully with heads reverently bowed when the cortege appeared.

"The costumes worn by the imperial bride and bridegroom during the the other, the captain led the charge ceremony were fashioned after the court dresses of centuries ago. The Long before he had finished his au- dress of the Crown Prince was a flowing robe of satin seven feet in length. that trailed on the ground behind him as he walked, silken breeches, an outer coat of crepe, embroidered on sleeves, back and breast with his crest. With this he wore a cap of black, varnished material, bound by a fillet of gold, with a long streamer of stiff wire riboon hanging from the back; this cap was kept in place by a light-colored silk cord which, passing once over the top of the head, was brought down and tied under the chin.

### Holidays.

The holiest of all holidays are those Kept by ourselves in silence and apart; The secret anniversaries of the heart. When the full river of feeling overflows; The happy days unclouded to their close; The sedden joys that out of darkness start.

As flames from ashes; swift desires that

es from ashes; swift desires that dart
Like swallows singing down each wind
that blows.
White as the gleam of a receding sail.
White as the cloud that floats and fades
in air.
White as the whitest lily on a stream,
These tender memories are: a fairy tale
Of some enchanted land, we know not
where. But lovely as a landscape in a dream.

—Longfellow.

Suddenly Found One Day in the Thick of the Fight.

BABY ON A BATTLEFIELD.

Perhaps the strangest incident of the Chino Japanese war was the appearance of the famous Wei-hai-wei baby. It is discussed to this day in every Japanese barracks and the story is told to the tourist who foregathers with the soldiers.

During the full of the land attack on one of the forts a Chinese woman suddealy made her appearance on the firing line of the sixth division. She was hurriedly ordered to the rear and disappeared. A few minutes afterward a lusty baby boy was found on the ground beside a gun. Capt. Higuent Seizaburo, who is a man of family,

picked up the baby. The bugle rang out for the advance of a storming party on the fort. The captain tried to hand his tiny captive over to a Chinese prisoner, but the youngster yelled as if he would go into convulsions. He did not want to

leave his friend the enemy. The bugle rang out again, and, with the baby on one arm and his sworn in and captured the fort. The baby nestled to his breast, untroubled by the roar of battle, and passed safely through the fight. After it was all over a home was found for him in a Chinese village.

Senator Hoar Remembered.

Senator Bailey has strayed from trotting horses to restricting the government departments, and said casu-

"One of the brightest as well as one of the most bitter things ever spoken by one of the wittiest members who ever served in the House of Representatives was said to a member who was known as 'the watch dog or the treasury.' The watch dog was silent when an appropriation was coming very near to his home, and this member exclaimed: 'A watch dog never barks at home folks."

"Excuse me," broke in Senator Hoar, "that was said in 1869 or 1870, waen I first entered the House."

"Well," replied Mr. Bailey, "it was also said under the circumstances I relate. I did not say it was origi-

Whereupon Mr. Hoar told at length to whom the remark was originally made and by whom, "in the interests of history," and what Mr. Bailey said under his breath can only be guessed

#### Great Engineering Feat.

Two young men, twenty-three years of age and house movers by trade. have just accomplished an extraordinary feat of engineering. They have successfully moved a 300,000-pound steel oil tank down a steep hill to the Allegheny river, transported it a mile down the river on barges and placed it on a bank 200 feet high.

The monster tank was sunk seven feet in the ground and had to be raised before it could be moved forward as inch. The five tracks of the Pennsylvania railroad had to be crossed, and the railroad company gave the movers only forty minutes' time to get from one side to the other.

This is said by the Scientific American to have been one of the greatest tasks ever accomplished by any housemover. The work was done by twentyfour men and two horses in six weeks.

once extended above the surface of the ground in a clear, solid ridge several feet high and entirely distinct from the surrounding formation. This ledge was long and unbroken, and lay directly across the course which hunto reach other gold fields. This obstruction of rock-the great value of which was long unknown-was too high to be surmounted by pack and directly through it. For several years ward and forward over this trail in search of gold mines. One night a prospector camping near this ledge of rock picked up a bit of it and

A tale is told of a rich gold mine , near by and washed it. Then he exin Idaho, with a ledge of ore which amined the stone, and, to his great astonishment, he found "colors" in it -bits of sparkling gold. The prospector does not mistake gold when he sees it. He is not deluded by iron crystals or bits of mica, as the "tenderfoot" frequently is. The gold sparkle is clearer and brighter than that dreds of prospectors took every year of any other mineral, and it is the same in sunshine and shadow.

The prospector, tremendously excited, broke off more pieces of the ledge and found more of it bearing mals, so the prospectors cut a trail free gold. Then he located his claim, and that was the beginning of a rich these eager gold seekers passed back- mine. Yet for years the sagest of prospectors had passed over this trail through the cut in this ledge, never suspecting its value, although by its very prominence it seemed to invite from force of habit, took it to a creek i inspection.-Leslie's Weekly,

# AN EARLY TYPE & TORPEDO BOAT. TORPEDO MINE A CIVIL WAR PERIOD THE MOUNTONIC WAS SUNK OFF CHARLETTON

TORPEDO BOAT of 1861

-- Illustrations from the New York World.

Times-Dispatch, Col. Richard L. Mau- & Son, on Cary Street. ry, a son of Commodore Matthew Fontaine Maury of the Confederate navy, describes the manufacture by his father of torpedoes, which, he says, had their origin in Virginia, were designed in Richmond, and were first successfully used in the water of the

James river. Commodore Maury's trial experiments to explode under water were made with minute charges of powder and submerged to an ordinary washtub in his chamber at the house of his consin, Robert H. Maury, on Clay actual use, with the triggers for ex-

MODERN WHITE HEAD TORPEDO

"In the early summer of 1861," says Col. Maury, "the Secretary of the Navy and the Chairman of the Naval Committee of Congress and others in James river at Rocketts. The torweighted to sink, fitted with a trigger to explode by percussion to be fired, when in place, by a lanyard. The Patrick Henry gig was borrowed; Capt.

Writing to the Richmond (Va.), ances for service was made by Talbott company now is, whereon the spectators stood; the torpedo was carefully lowered to the bottom, taking great care not to strain upon the trigger, which was at full cock, the lanyard loosely held on board. The boat pulled clear and the writer pulled the lanwere invited to witness an explosion yard. The explosion was instantaneous; up went a column of water rodo was a small keg of powder, fifteen or twenty set; many stunned or dead fish floated around: the officials on the wharf applanded and were convinced, and shortly after a naval bureau of "coast, harbor and Maury (as he then was) and the river defense" was created, and Capt. writer got aboard with the torpedo. Maury placed at its head, with abundstreet, Richmond, and the tank for and were rowed to the middle of the ant funds for the work and the very channel just opposite where the best of intelligent, able and zealous plosion and ther mechanical appli- whar, of the James River Steamboat younger naval officers for assistants.