

**Weather Forecast:**  
Fair Tonight;  
Saturday Partly Cloudy

# BAYONET CHARGES FORCE GERMAN'S BACK ALLIES CLAIM GAINS ALL ALONG THE LINE

## DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATORS LAY PLANS FOR NEXT SESSION

Only Three Senate Seats in Doubt—Insurgent Mutterings Are Heard—Thomas Claims Colorado Election.

About Republican and Democratic headquarters today the political leaders have about given up their pads and pencils and quit figuring on the new line-up in the House and Senate. The results are still in doubt in a small number of cases, but for all practical purposes the tabulations are known and have changed little in the last twenty-four hours.

The political leaders are now engaged in studying out just what happened and how it happened, and what is portended for 1916. Furthermore, the situation in the House and Senate with reference to legislation, leadership, and the like are being discussed.

The House according to the latest figures stands as follows:  
Democrats ..... 239  
Republicans ..... 156  
Progressives ..... 1  
Socialist ..... 1  
Independent ..... 1

The official counts may change the outcome slightly. On the basis of these figures, the Democrats will have twelve more than enough to control the House. Their plurality over the combined opposition is twenty-six. The Republican Congressional Committee expects the Democratic plurality to simmer down a little lower than these figures.

With the Senatorial results in Colorado, Nevada and Wisconsin still in doubt, the Senate figures stand:  
Democrats ..... 53  
Republicans ..... 38  
Progressives ..... 2  
Doubtful ..... 2

Insurgent Mutterings.  
The important fact which stands out with respect to the House is that, as it will be made up in the Sixty-fourth Congress, the insurgency of about a dozen Democrats can knock into a cocked hat all the plans of the Democratic leaders. That there will be insurgent nobody questions.

## WHAT "FOOT AND MOUTH" DISEASE IS

This plague among all domestic animals, especially cattle, sheep, swine and goats, is characterized by sensitive sores on the tongue, palate and hoof of the animals, according to the Department of Agriculture. The sores become red and raw within a very short time and cause the disease to spread "like lightning" to other cattle. Lameness appears and the milk ducts dry up. It takes two years to cure an animal. The only way to stamp out the disease is to destroy all animals afflicted.

## FEAR STOCK PLAGUE AT SOLDIERS' HOME

Visitors Excluded From Dairy to Guard Against Epidemic Among Cattle.

Fear of the spread of the "foot and mouth" disease in cattle to the Soldiers' Home has led the District authorities to exclude all persons from its dairy buildings. This action was taken on the advice of the Department of Agriculture, to protect the fine thoroughbred herd quartered at the home.

## U. S. WILL NOT JOIN IN ARMISTICE PLEA

The United States Government is not anxious to join any movement looking toward the present establishment of an armistice in the European war, according to high officials of the Government today.

## Cotton Exchange in N. Y. Due to Open November 16

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The New York Cotton Exchange will open for business one week from Monday, November 16, it plans under consideration by the board of managers today do not go away.

## Kaiser's Relative Dies Of Wounds at Front

ROME, Nov. 6.—A special dispatch to a local newspaper says that Count von Schwerin, a relative of the Kaiser who was wounded at the battle of the Marne, has died from his wounds.

## TWO GERMAN SHIPS SUNK IN CHILEAN FIGHT, BRITISH AVER

H. M. S. Good Hope Not in Battle Sunday. Is Report From Peru Contradicting Teuton Account of Engagement.

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 6.—British subjects and officials here declare that they are far from satisfied with the German reports of successes in the battle of Sunday night off the Chilean coast.

## Rolling in Gale, Good Hope Could Not Use Big Guns

VALPARAISO, Chile, Nov. 6.—Further details of the engagement between German and British warships off the Chilean coast on Sunday were obtained today from German officers. The battle was fought in the teeth of a northerly gale which rendered the British warships, the Good Hope, the flagships of Rear Admiral Cradock, was unable to use her eight-inch guns, which, on the sea deck, were so near the water line that as the vessel rolled they were almost awash.

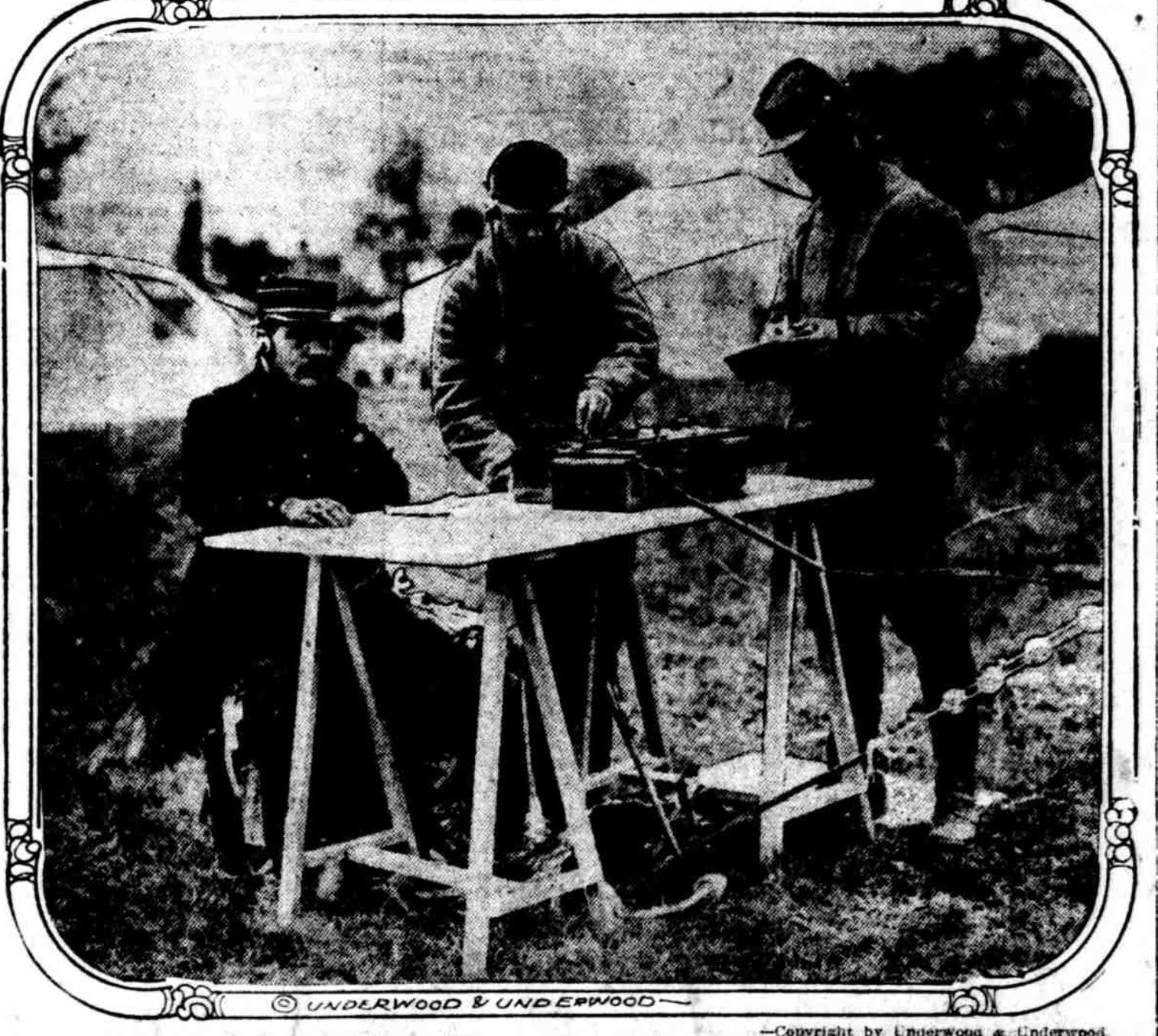
## TSINGTAU GERMAN ATTACK JAPANESE

TOKYO, Nov. 6.—It is officially announced that the bombardment of Tsingtau continued vigorously. The Germans had about made a counter-attack.

## Japanese Attacks at Tsingtau Are Slackened

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—An official statement regarding the conflict in the Far East says: "Shanghai newspapers report that the German artillery fire is destroying systematically the entrenched positions occupied by the Japanese around Tsingtau."

## FIELD TELEGRAPH OUTFIT OF THE FRENCH



## To Open Bids For Eight Submarines

Navy Department to Let Contract for "Greatest Afloat"—Vessels Will Have Improvements Based on Lessons of European Conflict.

Bids will be opened at the Navy Department next week for eight of the largest submarine vessels ever built. Although the department declines to make public the specifications on the ground that naval secrets might be disclosed prematurely, it is known that the vessels will have many valuable improvements suggested by the experience of the German and British navies in the present war.

At the present time, the United States navy has thirty-six submarines that are larger than the largest of the German type. They are equipped with three 8-inch torpedo tubes and two one pounders, and have a speed of thirteen knots on the surface and eight knots when submerged.

## ONLY WASHINGTON MEN FOR POSITIONS

President Not Likely to Name Outsiders for Plaza Award Commissionerships.

## NEWMAN APPEAL IS SET FOR DECEMBER 7

The Court of Appeals today set December 7 as the date for hearing the arguments in the appeal of Oliver P. Newman from the judgment of the lower court in ousting him from the office of District Commissioner.

## Russia Needs Medicines, Cotton, Iron, and Coal

Russia is in immediate need of medicines, also of cotton, iron, and coal, according to Vice Consul Smith at Moscow today. In the daily consular and trade reports he declares American manufacturers should expect large future orders of railroad stock, especially engines.

## TEUTONS, DRIVEN BACK ON LILLE, STILL TRY TO FIGHT WAY TO SEA

Fleet Bombards Ostend—French Destroyer Silences Coast Battery—Belgians Hold Both Banks of Yser and Artillery of Allies Commands Approaches Through Flooded Region.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The French have again resorted to a series of bayonet charges to check the German advance in the Argonne region. As a result, they have been able to press the enemy still farther back, according to this afternoon's official statement.

The general situation in the north is reported as unchanged. The fighting continues with extreme violence between Dixmude, the Lys and the Somme. The Germans continue their efforts to blast and hack a line through to the coast, but, although there have been gains and losses at several points, the general battle line remains about the same.

The Germans have brought up additional guns and are subjecting Arras to a violent bombardment, but so far without dislodging the Anglo-French force here.

Despite the declaration in today's statement that the situation to the north is unchanged, there are plenty of evidences that from the standpoint of the allies material gains are being made.

The Belgians control both banks of the Yser and have mounted guns which will absolutely prevent the Germans using boats in the flooded area.

The French are pushing the Germans back on Lille. A combined force has held Arras and again forced the enemy back from Armentieres and well to the north of Lille. A combined war fleet is again bombarding the German positions in the vicinity of Ostend.

## Turks Holding Consuls As Hostages of War

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Turkey is holding the consuls of the allied powers at a number of points as hostages. This is reported in advices reaching here via Athens and has caused intense indignation in official circles. Before the Turkish ambassador and his staff departed from London it was stated that all French and English diplomatic and consular officials had been promised immediate safe conduct out of the country. That promise is now being violated in many instances and the Turks are detaining these officials in violation of the principles of international law.

Continued on Third Page.

Continued on Third Page.

Continued on Third Page.

Continued on Third Page.