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EIGHT PAGES

LOGAN, CACHE COUNTY, UTAH, TUESDAY NOVEMBER 5 1912

TENTH YEAR

The Last Call To Arms

Just a few questions before closing the campaign:

Shall we, at the height of this country's prosperity, begin experimenting with theories of government and trade for that which has always proved disastrous?

Shall we permit a party to carry this county and state that presents no issue to the people on which it may grow and flourish, and perform the people's work, other than the personal joy and satisfaction it will bring to Dr. Wilson and his wife, and Mr. Bryan and his wife, coupled with the battle cry, "The Republicans are divided boys, and now is our chance?"

Shall we permit a party to triumph in intelligent Cache County that has not one meritorious issue, that has not performed one meritorious act in the past, and whose past is remembered only in regret?

Shall we permit Dr. Wilson, the greatest living example of expediency in America today to carry this great county of ours?

Wilson, who ranked forty-first in a class of forty-two, barely escaping honor failure.

Wilson, the sponsor of British Government in 1879.

Wilson, the tenor soloist of the same year.

Wilson, the lawyer in 1882.

Wilson, the failure at law eighteen months later.

Wilson, the bar to Princeton's progress in 1910, even so much so that he had to resign so that Princeton might become the legatee of a \$3,000,000 estate.

Wilson the applicant for a "retired college professor's" pension after twenty-five years of school teaching.

Wilson, who was refused a "Carnegie" pension.

Wilson, who preached and taught for twenty years and thought and investigated and apologized afterwards, as witnessed by his own words: "For twenty years I preached to the students of Princeton that the referendum and recall were bosh. I have since investigated and I want to apologize to those students."

Wilson, who was false to his best friend, Colonel Harvey.

Wilson, whom Colonel Henry Watterson, had hoped would prove, a second Tilden, but had turned out to be "merely a schoolmaster."

Wilson, of whom Colonel Henry Watterson, the Democrat of all Democrats of the south, prayed that God would deliver the American people from "such a leader and such leadership."

Wilson, who was false to his student, J. W. Park, and said: "I did not at first recollect Park at all, but I have looked him up in the records of the university and recall him now very clearly. I remember having been obliged to reject a certain work which he submitted for a degree because of the utter confusion of thought."

It showed that he could neither think nor comprehend. His mind was one of the sort that gets nothing correctly.

I should not like to believe the man deliberately false. It is only, I dare say, another instance of his entire inability, either to understand or interpret anything."

Wilson, who in 1897 said of Mr. Park over his own signature to the President of the Kansas State Agricultural College: "My Dear Sir: I understand that Mr. Joseph W. Park is a candidate for a position in your faculty and I take pleasure in testifying to his ability and promise as a scholar. He won distinction here as a student, and has held our fellowship in social science during the present year. I think him a man of unusual gifts and cordially commend him to your favorable notice."

Very sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

That ought to be enough to convince anyone of the sincerity of the Democratic candidate for President. Expediency seems to be his long suit.

Wilson, who thus shows his expeditious mind in denying the following which Park attributed to him in an address at Princeton: "I do not believe in Democracy—the rule of the many. I believe in aristocracy—the rule of the few; but I wish an aristocracy of brains not of wealth."

I disapprove of the Chautauqua idea, the attempt to give a smattering of culture to everybody, which results in securing conceit without knowledge.

I am opposed to the higher education for the common people; somebody must do the dirty work of the world; why shouldn't the children of the working classes be brought up to do the work their parents are now doing?

Wilson, the historian who treats the last Democratic administration on pages 235 and 236 of his history as follows: "A great poverty and depression had come upon the western mining regions and upon the agricultural region of the west and south. Prices had fallen . . . Men of the poorer sort were idle everywhere, and filled with a sort of despair. All of the larger cities and manufacturing towns seemed teeming with unemployed workmen, who were with the utmost difficulty kept from starving by the systematic efforts of organized charity."

Prof. Wilson devotes several pages to Coxe's Army and other evidences of idleness and hard times and also describes the difficulty which President Cleveland experienced in maintaining the treasury reserve. No less than \$87,000,000 in gold, says Dr. Wilson, "had to be shipped over sea to the country's creditors in a single twelvemonth, 1893," and bonds had to be sold to secure gold, thus increasing the public debt. Then Dr. Wilson, writing as an historian and not thinking of ever being a candidate, wrote the following truthful and historic sentence (Page 263 of Vol 5): "Not until the year 1897, when the Republican administration came in did the crisis seem to be past."

Wilson, whom Free Trade England is hoping will be President of the United States.

Shall we permit such a man, and the representative of such a party to be the next president of the United States?

This is the last call to arms, and in response thereof is it the solemn duty of every Republican to vote against such a man and such a party.

It is the solemn duty of every Republican to take his Democratic brother, who places self preservation above party loyalty, to the polls with him and there encourage him to cast his ballot against a party with such shallow issues, a party that has more concern for the millions across the water than the toiling laborers of America.

It is the duty of the followers of the Third party, who have no use for the Democracy, and who are sick of Democratic twaddle just as a means to get office, to register their protest against such a party and such a leader.

It is the duty of all who have ever been true Republicans at heart to throw off all sentiment and personal desire, and go out for the election of the state and county ticket.

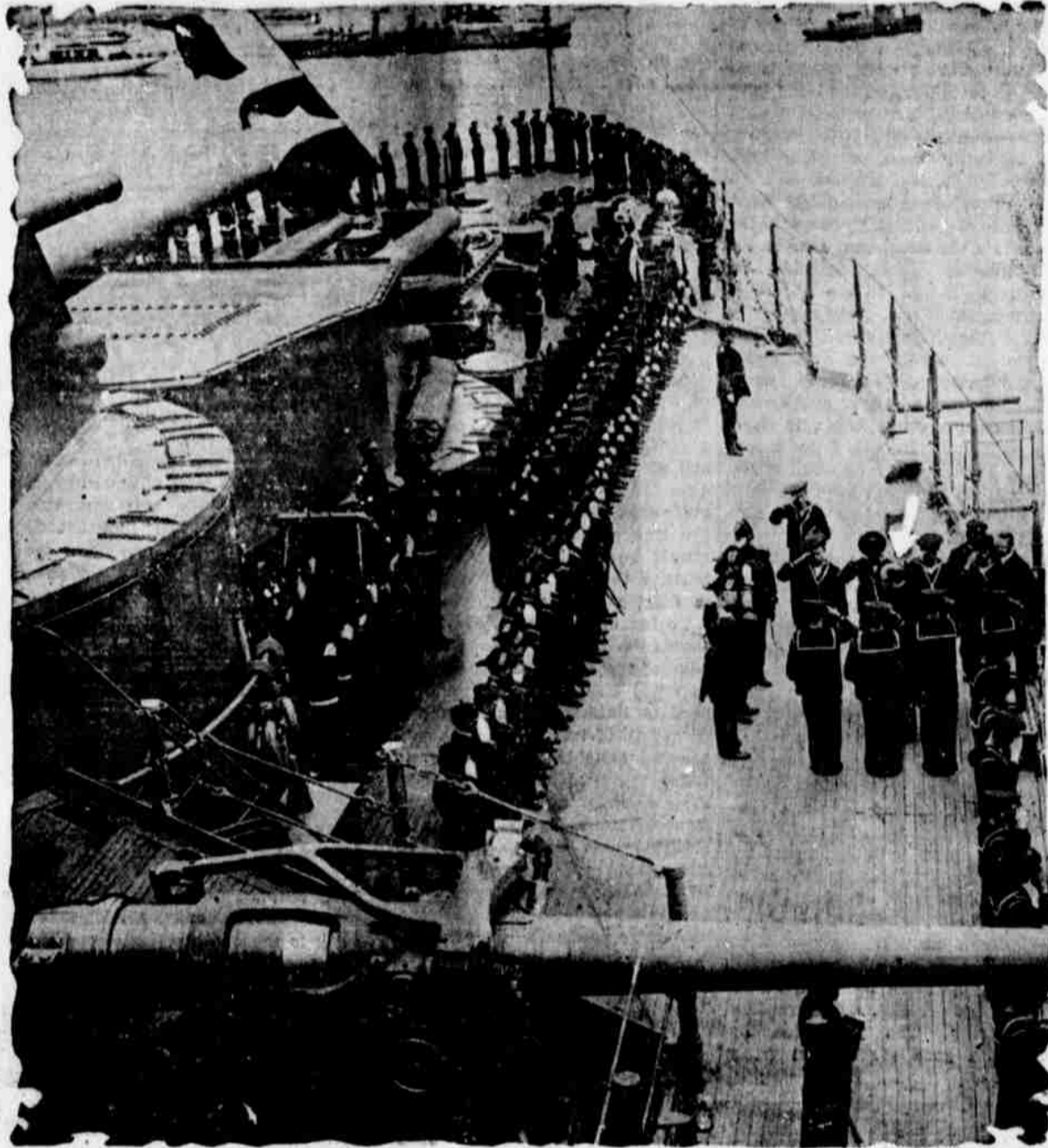
If such a party, and such a leadership should triumph today it will not be because there are more Democrats than Republicans. It will be because a Third party makes it possible for a minority to rule.

The Republican party today makes its last call to arms in this campaign. The party is bigger than any man, or set of men. It has done much for you Mr. Voter. It is now up to you to place it again in power where it can be of more service to you.

No stain of a just obligation violated has yet tarnished its fair name. It stands now where it has always stood. The Great Party of the People.

"You do not have to guess what the Republican party will do. The whole world knows its purpose. It has enacted it into law and executed it in administration. There will be prophets of evil and false teachers. Some part of the column may waver and wander away from the standard, but there will ever rally around it a mighty majority to preserve it stainless."

President Taft and Secretary Meyer on Their Inspection Visit to Super-Dreadnought Arkansas.



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President Taft and Secretary of the Navy Meyer inspected the super-dreadnought Arkansas, which with her sister ship, the Wyoming, is the mightiest battleship in the world, during the mobilization of the Atlantic fleet at New York. The president expressed his pleasure with the mammoth fighting ship's evidence of power. The arrow indicates President Taft. Secretary Meyer is seen with head uncovered near the ship's rail.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

A great deal of opposition has developed on some of the constitutional amendments more especially the amendment to section 3 article 13. On this proposed amendment Hon. W. W. Ritter says:

I am opposed to the joint resolution proposing an amendment to section 3, article 13, of the state constitution, which provides that property shall be assessed at its money value. Everyone of experience knows that this is an impossible value on property are merely such values as it would sell for, and that can only be ascertained as a result of a sale. The adoption of this amendment would cause a large amount of protest before boards of equalization by property owners claiming that their property is not worth what it is assessed at, which in many instances would doubtless be true, because this is left to the judgment of the assessor, which may or may not be good. Where property is assessed at say 50 or 60 per cent of its valuation, the owner rarely ever makes a protest, contenting himself with the belief that he is not over taxed. In large cities like New York and Chicago property is taxed at about half its ordinary value, with the result there is very little clamor for reduction of assessments; but just imagine what the condition would be if the property in these large cities was taxed at a cash value set by the assessor. It would simply be impossible for the board of equalization to handle the question equitably.

Another reason for my opinion is that while property assessed at its full value will permit a much lower rate of taxation, yet it creates a temptation for the officers of the law to increase the rates on the grounds that existing rates are very low. The weight of taxation is almost equalized.

(Continued on page four)

CACHE STAKE CONFERENCE CONVENES

Prominent Members of Church Give Discourses to Saints Who Fill Tabernacle to Overflowing. President Joseph F. Smith, Speaks at All Three Sessions. Proper Training of Children the Keynote of Conference.

The Cache Stake quarterly conference was held in the stake tabernacle on Sunday. A large congregation greeted the various speakers at each session. Prominent among those who addressed the saints were President Joseph F. Smith, Bishop C. W. Nibley, and Apostle Hyrum M. Smith.

At the morning session President Smith spoke at some length on the importance of the priesthood. Instead of there being thousands who believe the truths delivered to the world through the Prophet Joseph Smith, it is a pity there are not millions for those truths are divine," said the President. The people were admonished to a stricter and closer adherence to the principles of the gospel.

Blessed will be the man and the woman, he said, who will walk in the paths marked out to them, but woe be to the man who is so short sighted that he yields to the temptations of the world. "I love the man who loves the truth, and hates falsehood" the speaker declared. "It is impossible for us to advance the work of God without advancing our own personal interests."

Apostle Hyrum M. Smith

The Latter-day Saints have made important and interesting history for the present generation. A history that will be more important to future generations than it is to the present one, said Apostle Smith, who occurred (Continued on page two)

BUSINESS PROPERTY IS SOLD

A deal was underway last evening between the Fomesbeck Knitting Factory and President Serge F. Ballif, for the purchase of the church property fronting Main street and adjoining the Federal building property on the north. The property has a frontage of 36 1-2 feet and is 100 feet deep. While it was not given out, it is understood that the consideration will be approximately \$5000. The principal stockholders of the Knitting Factory are Messrs. M. J. and J. C. Fomesbeck. The intention is to erect a large building on this property and transfer to it their factory which is now located on North Main street. It was impossible to get a statement as to who were to be associated with the company in the development of this property, but it was intimated, however, that there will undoubtedly be a deal closed in the near future which will bring together the property just purchased and the Vernon property to the north, on which will be erected a building that will cover the entire block from the post office to the corner of the block to the north.

U. A. C. WALLOPS THE COWBOYS

The University of Wyoming received a terrible drubbing from the Utah Aggies on the local field, Saturday, the cowboys being defeated by a score of 53 to 0. The visitors were helpless before the snappy attack of the Aggies and at no time did they have a chance to score. The local team got busy in the last two periods and it was next to impossible for Wyoming to stop the onward advance. It was no trouble for the Aggies to make gains throughout the game, it was simply a question of how much and which play would net the greatest distance. The forward pass was worked to a nicety. Brossard's end runs, Batt's punting and Mohr's tackling were features throughout. In this connection, however, it should be stated that V. Rogers, the snappy little quarterback of the Wyoming team never failed to make good

B. Y. COLLEGE ELECTS OFFICERS

On Saturday afternoon the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the B. Y. College was held at which reports were heard from President James H. Linford and Secretary E. J. Norton. The board re-elected all the former officers, as follows:

Joseph F. Smith, president of the board; C. W. Nibley, vice president James H. Linford, president of the faculty; E. J. Norton, secretary and treasurer; Joseph Howell, C. H. Hart, and Alma Merrill, executive committee with Serge F. Ballif associated. The usual board banquet was tendered by the domestic arts department of the college.

THE SILENT VOTE

Voters should go out and vote their convictions. Do not be intimidated, nor influenced by eleventh hour political canards. The Democrats, buoyed up in their spirits on account of division in the Republican ranks, have in their own minds won the election over and over again. The Bull Moose with their noise, and their shouts and their horns have spent their fury, but today the silent vote, the vote that has not proclaimed itself on the housetops will cast the decisive ballot. The men and women of the American franchise, the thoughtful, the careful, the silent, the prudent citizens of the nation will cast today, the die of their own future. In Pennsylvania over 400,000 voters have given no expression as to how their votes will be cast. These voters did not vote at the primary election. There is enough of them to carry the Keystone state overwhelmingly. The same condition prevails in every state in the Union. Dr. Wilson will not poll as large a vote as did Mr. Bryan four years ago. The Third party voters have announced themselves with shouts and huzzahs, but the silent vote, the vote that will decide our future for the next four years holds sway today.

The silent vote constitutes the multitudes of our ninety millions of people, and in their ballot is the conservatism and the good judgment of the nation. The Republican party has an abiding faith in the silent vote. It trusts the people as the people have trusted the Republican party, and looks to the people for a vote based upon conviction and judgment. It is the duty of every voter to cast his ballot based upon the convictions of his own soul.