TURNBELL WILL CONTEST ELECTION

RICHMOND, VA., Special.—Letters received this morning by Democratic State Chairman Eliyson from Edward R. Turnbull, Jr., counsel for Congressman Robert Turnbull, plainly indicate a purpose on the part of the latter to appeal from the decision of the Fourth District committee, which awarded the certificate for the congressional nomination to Judge Walter A. Watson.

But they do not specify in detail the plans of the contestant, nor can they be accepted in their present form as notice of contest. They might rather be described as requests for information as to the

sts for information as to the

methods of procedure.

Evidently the Turnbull faction, like pretty much everybody else, is in the dark as to the exact meaning of the so-called Byrd primary law and the extent of the powers it confers upon the State

committee.

In an effort to accelerate matters as much as possible, Mr. Ellyson, immediately after receiving the communication from Lawyer Turnbull, wired him at Lawrence-

Turnbull, wired him at Lawrence-ville as follows:

"Your letter received. If you will be ready and desire it, I will call meeting of State committee for next Tuesday night in Rich-mond to hear appeal of Hon. Robert Turnbull. Answer quick at my expense."

at my expense."
Up to noon no reply had been received nor was one expected un-

til the afternoon. Lawyer Turnbull addressed two Lawyer Turnbull addressed two communications to the State chairman. One, signed by Mr. Turnbull as counsel, was marked "personal," and hence Mr. Ellyson does not feel at liberty to give it to the newspapers. He is willing, however, to let reporters

willing, however, to let reporters see it, since it pertains to party affairs and was signed by the writer in his capacity as counsel. This letter briefly sets forth the fact that Congressman Turnbull expects to file his notice of contest with the Fourth District committee tonnerow. It then asks mittee tomorrow. It then asks whether or not the State committee will demand an inspection of the ballots and poll books—a rather neat question whose answer may not be readily ascertained from a reading of the statute.

The second letter is as follows:
October 2d.

Dear Mr. Ellyson.—No doubt

Dear Mr. Ellyson,—No doubt you have seen The Journal of yesterday and the Richmond Virginian of today. I beg to call your attention to the fact that certain rulings of the District Committee were appealed from and we were informed that a and we were informed that a copy of the minutes would at once be forwarded to you and that you would call the committee together at once for the purtee together at once for the pur-pose of passing upon the ques-tions raised. Now the Virginian states that you say you will "call the committee as soon as con-test is noted." Now will you be kind enough to write me fully by return mail your views on calling the committee and what rules and regulations govern a rules and regulations govern a contest—in other words, what modes have been prescribed by the committee for contests and

in what manner. Surely the committee must have performed this duty in some way, but it seems from the papers that the matter is in the air and that no persons in au-thority and who ought to know have been able to throw any have been able to throw any light on this subject of contest or matters of appeal from the District Committee to the State Committee. Now I am asking this information as a fellow-Democrat, not in behalf of any person. I want information, and you are the proper person to give it to me, as you are in possession of all the matters pertaining to the conduct of primaries, appeals the conduct of primaries, appeals and contests. You have always been extremely kind in giving me the desired information, and I will more than thank you for a prompt reply to this letter.
Your friend,
EDW. P. TURNBULL, JR.

Chairman Ellyson, as yet, has re-ceived no minutes of the Fourth District meeting, which was held last Monday night. His information as to that gathering is still what might

be called unofficial.

As soon as the State chairman receives from Lawyer Turnbull a reply ceives from Lawyer Turnbull a reply to the telegram sent to Lawrenceville this morning, he will write him at some length. Of course, however, Mr. Ellyson cannot anticipate the com-mittee's action or venture to predict what will be the attitude of his as-sociates as to the more doubtful points of the new law. But he will gladly furnish Mr. Turnbull all the official information at hand and do what he can to facilitate the Congressman's lawyers in their work.

Mr. Ellyson thinks Tuesday night would be an excellent time for the State committee meeting, as the fair

will then be in progress and the city will be goubly attractive to out-oftown people.

It may be deduced from Lawyer Turnbull's letter that his client will

desire the State committee to recount the ballots cast in the primary of September 21st and compare them with the poll books used by the precinct

Some maintain, however, that the committee will have no authority to grant this request. Chairman Ellyson does not venture an opinion on the

CHALONER DOESN'T CLAMOR FOR DUEL

Not Only Against the Law, but Participants Would Be Held Up to Ridicule—He Pays His Respects to Kentuckian.

NEW YORK. Special.—The Sun Friday printed a story say-ing that John Armstrong Chaloner expects to challenge Henry Watterson, editor of the Louis-ville Courier-Journal, and also prints a dispatch from Louisville saying that Colonel Watterson will not challenge,

Subsequently a telegram came to Richmond saying that Colonel Watterson had challenged Mr. Chaloner, and adding that a man was due in Richmond Friday bearing the challenge.

John Armstrong Chaloner, who is in Richmond, was informed of the reported challenge and asked for a statement. Complying, he dictated the following, announc-

dictated the following, announcing that he would accept no challenge and giving his reasons:

"I am devilish glad of it, because it proves that I was not premature in taking the extraordinary precaution I did in a newspaper statement that I made last night, saying that I would not fight a duel, because it is against the law and is regarded as ridiculous in this country. I also said that I would not enter into any private arrangements with any private arrangements with any editor who had attacked me print for a personal armed en-

"My reason for giving out a statement last night to the press was not so much because I object to being shot at as because, as a lawyer with an estate valued at \$1,500,000 in balance in New York, I wouldn't do anything to jeopardize my standing before the courts.

"The time has come when I will no longer submit in silence to editorial insults. I have been used as a chopping block by newspapers for twenty-five years to fill up space at somebody else's expense and also at the expense of the truth. In the future I shall employ the same weapons in replying to editorial attacks as have been used against me."

"If newspaper editors do not wish to feel the edge of my pen let them leave me alone. That is all I ask. I do not desire to be used any longer as a chopping block and I shall chop back at any editor who chops at me. Fair exchange is no robbery.

FAVORS GERMAN SYSTEM.

"The age of duelling is past in this country. In Germany, for instance, it is a serious thing. Frankly speaking, I wish duelling were in vogue in America under the same restrictions that govern duelling in the German army—that is to say, that before a challenge to a duel can be accepted a military court must examine the case and decide as to its merits, and whether or not the challenger has a just cause. If not, they do not allow the duel to take place. If, on the other hand, the challenger has a just cause, the duel must take place or the challenger party is dismissed from the army in disgrace. I am highly in favor of such a system as obtains in the German army today.

"But since no such code exists in this country I would be making myself ridiculous, as well as

"But since no such code exists in this country I would be making myself ridiculous, as well as laying myself open to arrest by the authorities if I accepted a challenge. In my statement to the press last night I said: 'At first blush it might appear unfair to criticise an old man,' but I stated at the same time that I imputed lack of courage to Colonel Watterson in my letter to him. Furthermore, I stated that if a man is a coward there is just as much dauger in attacking him when he is old as there would be in attacking him when he is in when he is old as there would be in attacking him when he is in the heyday and vigor of his youth, because there is no more danger in attacking a young coward than an old one. It is notorious that a coward is not dangerous at all. If he was he would not be a coward

gerous at all. If he was he would not be a coward.

"Therefore, the fact that Colonel Watterson is an elderly man cuts no figure in this affair. Moreover, I am no chicken myself, being fifty years old the 10th of this month."

Mr. Cheloner closed with the following parthian shot: "Colonel Watterson's editorial was utterly unprovoked on my part, uncalled for, untrue and insulting. This quarrel has not been my making."

WARNS HAYWOOD

LAWRENCE, MASS.— Special. A watchful group of Industrial Workers of the World Friday acted as a volunteer guard over William D. Haywood, whose assassinam D. Haywood, whose assassi-nation has been plotted by a New York detective agency, according to telegrams received by police officials here and in Salem. Hay-wood went about his business as usual and smiled at the talk of

danger.

The warning telegrams came from Vincent St. John, general secretary of the Industrial of the World. "I reckon St. John knows what

he's talking about," said Haywood nonchalantly, "but I'll just go ahead taking care of myself and let it go at that."

But Industrial Workers of the World members in Lawrence took the situation more seriously. Everywhere the leader went he was escorted by the little squad of men. They worked systematically in regular shifts.

Marshall Sullivan did not take the news of a plot very seriously, but did detail officers to watch incoming trains for a man answer-

coming trains for a man answering the description in the St. John telegram. The telegram from St. John came to several people. One was received by Marshall Sullivan, of Lawrence, one by the Salem chief of police, and one by Or-ganizer William Yates, of the In-dustrial Workers of the World. All was quiet around the mill

gates Friday. All but about 650 workers were admitted to the mills.

AWOKE TO FIND BURGLAR IN ROOM

Marauder, However, Is Frightened by Terrified Screams of Mrs. W. B. Bowers.

RICHMOND, VA., Special. Mrs. W. B. Bowers, living at 109 West Clay Street, was awakened from her slumbers and badly frightened when she discovered a negro in her bedroom about 10:30 o'clock last night, according to a report made to the police today.

The terrified screams of Mrs.

Bowers scared the intruder away. It is believed that the negro was bent on robbery and that he was fright-ened away by fear of capture before he had time to execute his designs. The unknown is described as being a middle-aged, brown-skinned man,

with small features.

An examination of the premises disclosed nothing missing.

An open window in the rear of the house indicated that the negro here

LINER LOADED WITH SOLDIERS

GREEK GOVERNMENT TAKES OVER STEAMSHIP FOR PURPOSE OF WARFARE

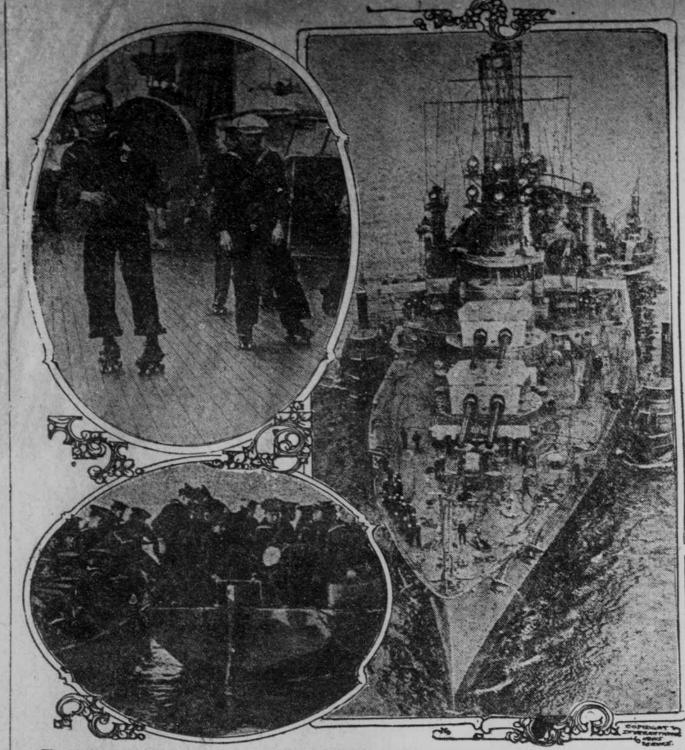
NEW YORK .- Special .- Just as the NEW YORK.— Special.—Just as the Greek steamship Macedonia was about to sail for Piraeus, the port of Athens, she was commanded by the Greek consul general at this port and the 2,000 passengers had to debark.

The Macedonia later sailed to Philadelphia, where she will be loaded with ammunition for the Greek army and navy. She will then return here and sail for Greece with the Greek army reservists now in the United States.

This incident indicated that the Greek government believes war with Turkey inevitable.

MITCHELL MAY FOR SECRETARY OF STATE

SYRACUSE, N. Y. Special.-With the SYRACUSE, N. Y. Special.-With the nomination for Governor and Lieutenant Governor out of the way the Democratic State convention settled down to rapid work at its final session today. Mitchell May, of Kings county, was unanimously nominated for Secretary of State to succeed Edward Lazansky, the present incumbent.



The greatest battleship fleet ever assembled in American waters will meet in North River this week to be reviewed by Secretary of the Navy Von Meyer and possibly President Taft. The fleet will include thirty-one batleships, four armored cruisers, four cruisers, twenty-one special type, six naval militia vessels, eight transports, twenty-six destroyers, sixteen torpedo boats and ten submarines. The pict ure shows U. S. S. dreadnought Floridaida, sailors skating on deck, and bluejackets in gigs going on shore lea ve.

DIAMONDS WILL BE RECOVERED

AGAINST PLOTTERS LAW AND EQUITY COURT JURY APPARENTLY DOUBTS THE DEATH-BED STORY.

RICHMOND VA., Special.—
Valuable diamond, left by John
Willer, who died last January, are to
be surrendered at once to his administrators instead of being left in the
possession of Mrs. Elizabeth Graves,
of 221 South Belvidere Street, according to the verdict of the Law and
Equity Court jury yesterday afternoon, though Mrs. Graves claims that
the jewels were given to her by Miller a few hours before he died.

Miller, who had been connected
with the Richmond Sign Works, spent
the last years of his life at the home

the last years of his life at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Graves. In July, 1911, he was taken ill and gradually became weaker until he died six months later.

Mrs. Graves claims that the day before he died he called her to his bedside and gave her the diamonds, which are worth about \$1,500. Her husband, it was declared, witnessed the donation, and regarded the present to his wife as a death-bed gift. Other witnesses testified that neither Mr. Graves nor his wife had been in Miller's room the day preceding his death, and stated that to their certain knowledge the dying man had not given the diamonds away. ied he called her to his

not given the diamonds away.

Following the announcement of the jury's verdict the usual motion to set

aside was made. Judge Beverly Crump reversed decision, but will probably announce his ruling within the next

CONVENTION WILL BE "UNBOSSED"

SYRACUSE, N. Y.— Special.— Progressive Democrats were ju-bilant over the nomination of Congressman William Sulzer of Congressman William Sulzer for Governor, and predicted a sweeping victory over the Republican and Progressive tickets, headed by Job E. Hedges and Oscar S, Straus, respectively.

They declared the nomination of Sulzer for Governor and Martin H. Glynn for Lieutenant Governor showed the convention to be "unbossed."

After nominating Sulzer and

After nominating Sulzer and Glynn the State convention adjourned at 1:29 A. M. to reconne at 10 A. M. to complete the ticket.

It was understood that all th rt was understood that all the present holders of the lesser of-fices would be renominated. Sul-zer was chosen on the fourth bal-lot at 1:20 A. M. by practically

a unanimous vote.

He won out after Governor
John A. Dix had had his name withdrawn. Congressman Sulzer

"Well, it was a long wait, but it was worth waiting for. I am deeply sensible of the honor con-ferred on me by the Democracy of New York. I thank the delegates, and through them all my friends and the Democrats of my friends and the Democrats of my State. I shall carry the standard ever conscious that it is not for mortal to command success, but I shall strive to deserve it. I am full of gratitude."

That the delegates and not a boss ruled in making the nomination of William Sulzer and Glynn was the statement made by Charles F. Murphy, of Tammany Hall.

by Charles F. Murphy, of Tammany Hall.

He said: "I had a candidate when I came here. My candidate was John A. Dix. I was of the opinion that Governor Dix. on his record, should have been renominated. The delegates to this convention thought differently, Every delegate registered his choice. Outside of my opinion that Governor Dix was entitled to renomination I have not advocated or deprecated the candidacy of any man whose name was presented man whose name was presented to the convention or any man whose name was presented to me and did not reach the conven-tion."

CURIOSITY BROUGHT LAWYER TO PRISON

NEW YORK.— Special.— "Why are you so shy?" asked a man, walking up to Mrs. Grace M. Martin and her

daughter. The man, who said his name was Harry Haile, a Buffalo law-yer, was arrested and given thirty days for his curiosity.

TURKISH TROOPS FIGHT SERVIANS

LONDON. Special.—Further reports of hostilities in the Balkans reached London Friday but came without confirmation, as a strict censorship has been established by Turkey and the other govern-ments involved. One of these re-ports stated that sixty armed Ser-vians had crossed the frontier into European Turkey, but were chased back to their own soil by a Turkish hattalion after a sharn a Turkish battalion after a sharp

fight.
The Turks pursued the Servians to the border and then retreated. News from Constantinople that the Mohammedan priests are calluneasiness among the continental diplomats.

One ray of hope, however, that was cast upon the darkening clouds was that Russia will join other important European powers in refusing to make a war loan to any of the Balkan king-

This would leave Austria stand-ing alone and the weight of pressure in favor of peace would probably drive Austria into the ranks of the countries who are deter-(Continued on Fourth Page.) mined to avert war through the medium of financial channels.

medium of financial channels.

War now depends upon Turkey's answer to the joint ultimatum of the Balkan States, demanding autonomy for Macedonia, Albania, Old Servia and Crete, and other reforms in European Turkey. Even should Turkey reply in the negative or refuse to reply at all to this or a supplemental ultimatum to follow later. mental ultimatum to follow later, no formal declaration of war is expected before the end of next

Paris was the center of attention today. With Sergius Sazonoff, the Russian foreign minister in that city, centralized negotiations of the powers were focussed there. M. Sazonoff had appointments with the envoys of all the involved powers today, and it was expected that announcement would be made of an accord entered into between the English and Russian foreign offices in relation to the situation in Southeastern Europe. There were further sharp declines on the bourses today in conse-quence of the impending even-tualities

Government securities and in-dustrial and railroad shares were alike depressed.

URGE HOLY WAR. CONSTANTINOPLE. Special. Throughout Turkey priests of the Moslem faith are preaching a holy war against all Christendom. Fa-natics are demanding of the government that war be declared not only against the Balkan States, but against all Europe. Sheik UI Islam, head of the Mohammedan priesthood, is in daily consultation with the Turkish ministry.

The Turks are distributing in-flammatory circulars throughout European Turkey, urging all Turks who are old enough to bear arms to rise up against the Chris-

Practically all the Christians throughout the Balkans are members of the Greek Catholic Church, Because of the dangers from fanaticism this is the most dangerous element yet injected into the situation. the situation.

There are fears of wholesale massacres of Christians in re-gions where the Turks are in con-

RUSSIA WANTS PEACE. PARIS. Special.—An important conference of representatives of the powers on the Balkan situation was held at the foreign office today, presided over by M. Poincare, the French foreign min-

It was attended by the diplomatic envoys of England, Germany, Austria, Russia, Bulgaria, Greece, Servia and Montenegro.

The conference is reported to have dealt principally with the financial phase of the situation by which the powers, with the possible exception of Austria, will

act independently in refusing war loans, Afterwards M. Stancioff, Bulgarian minister to France, de-clared that his government has been, and still is, working for

peace.

"My home government is fully in accord with the European powers which are seeking to prevent a Balkan war," said M. Stancioff.

"We must be on the defensive, however, in view of the military activities of Turkey. It is true that the Bulgarian army is being

that the Bulgarian army is being mobilized, but this is a precautionary measure.

"It is not to be interpreted as an aggressive act toward Turkey or any other power.

"The powerful continental nations have tacitly agreed that if war should come it must not be a conflict for territorial acquisition. This, of course, is to prevent the embroilment of any Euvent the embroilment of any European power.
"The Bulgarian Government, as

well as the governments of other of the near Eastern powers, have insisted that Turkey carry out the terms of the Berlin convention for Balkan reforms. Turkey has hesitated to the point where her action might be interpreted as flat refusal.

These reforms are recognized as just, and until they are brought about there will always be unrest in Balkan territory. I believe that the mighty chancel-lories of Europe realize that af-fairs must be brought to a head, but if Turkey can be influenced by peaceful measures instead of by war I am sure that the satisfaction felt by the Balkan governments will be as great as that felt by the governments of Eu-

MORGAN ADMITS GIVING \$150,000

Money King Donated This Sum to Republican Campaign Fund in 1904.—Though Bliss Solicited This Amount from Him.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Special .-The only other witness for today, scheduled by Senator Clapp, was Charles Duell, assistant treas-urer of the Republican National Committee under Cornelius Bliss. Mr. Morgan arrived in the committee room promptly at 10 o'clock, accompanied by H. L.

mittee room promptly at 10 o'clock, accompanied by H. L. Satterlee and his daughter.

At 10:06 o'clock the committee was called to order with J. Pierpont Morgan on the stand.

Mr. Morgan's daughter, Mrs. W. P. Hamilton, and his son-in-law, H. L. Satterlee, accompanied the money king. On being sworn Mr. Morgan gave his residence as 219 Mndison Avenue, New York city, and his occupation as banker.

ROOSEVELT DEMAND.
Senator Clapp then read to him a clipping containing a statement by Churles Edward Russell in which the writer charged that Theodore Roosevelt from the White House demanded that Morgan raise \$100,000 additional to the sum the banker had already contributed for Roosevelt's fight against Parker. The clipping told of a visit made by Wayne MacVeagh to the office of Morgan in October of 1004, at which time Morgan was called to the telephone to talk to somebody in Washington.

The money king sat silently while Senator Clapp rend the long newspaper clipping, at the end of which the chairman of the investigating committee asked:

Q. Do you recall a visit of MacVeagh to your collect.

A. None at all.

Q. Do you recall a visit of macveagh to your collect.

A. No, I don't, but he may have come there. The circumstances of the telephone is a fection made out of whole cloth. I never had any communication through the mails or over the telephone wires with President Roosevelt in my life.

Q. Did you contribute to the Republican campaign fund of 1904?

A. I did.

Q. How much?

GAVE \$150,000.

After consulting his notes the

After consulting his notes the witness replied: "In October I gave them \$100,000 and added \$50,000 more on November 1st."

Q. Was this all you gave the Republican fund?

GAVE \$150,000.

A. It was. Q. Were Were there any other contributions made by you to the 1904 campaign?

A. None that I recall.
Q. Who solicited the contribution of \$100,000?

A. I assume it was Cornelius Q. Do you recall the fact of making this contribution?

A. No; but the records show

that it was made. Q. To whom was the second contribution of \$50,000 on No-

Q. To whom was the second contribution of \$50,000 on November 1st made?

A. I do not recall.

Q. Did Mr. Harriman solicit any contribution from you?

A. No, I knew nothing of his campaign fund except what I have heard since.

Q. He never solicited of you?

A. I don't think Mr. Harriman ever solicited any money from me.

Q. Do you recall any circumstances attending your second contribution of \$50,000?

DOES NOT KNOW.

A. There were a number of men in this. I think Mr. Bliss came over on one occasion and Mr. Odell on another.

Q. Do you recall whether the contribution was paid to Mr. Odell?

A. My impression is that it was paid through the National Committee and most of it went into New York State. This was the day before election.

Q. Do you know of any other contributions to the 1004 campaign fund made to the congressional committee?

A. No.

Q. Dou you know of any other campaign contributions in 1904 to the Republican campaign by any of your associates?

A. No.

Q. Did you make any contributions in 1904 to a congressional campaign committee?

A. No, I don't remember any.

Q. Did you make any contributions in 1904 to a congressional campaign committee?

A. No, I don't remember any.

Q. Did you make any contributions in 1904 to a congressional campaign committee?

A. No, I don't remember any.

Q. In 1908, did you make any contribution to the National Campaign Committee?

A. The only one I made was one of \$20,000 to Mr. Sheldon. I think that is all. It was paid in cash and not by check.

A. By none of my firm, anyway.

Q. Do you recall any one in New York in the fall of 1904 call.

Way.

Q. Do you recall any one in
New York in the fall of 1904 call-A. I do not. 1908 CAMPAIGN.

Q. You know of no basis for this telephone story, then? A. Absolutely none, Senator Paynter then took up

senator Paynter then took up
the examination, going back over
the witness' previous testimony
concerning his contributions.
Q. Then I understand that the
only record of these contributions
would be in your cash book?
A. Yes. But I have no doubt
where it went.
Q. Do you recall having made

Q. Do you recall having made any contribution to the congres-sional campaign of 1908? sional campaign of 1908?

A. Mr. Sherman, the chairman, called on me once, but I don't remember what for. I have no record of any payment, and if I did make any it was nothing of any magnitude.

Q. You may state whether you made any contribution to any of the three campaign conventions.

the three campaign conventions of 1912.
A. I did not. I was out of the

country. Q. Or by any of your asso-

A. None that I know of. Q. Was your \$100,000 contribu-tion a part of Harriman's \$250,-000 fund? A. I have no doubt of it in my mind, but I have no proof of it. Morgan added that Bliss was a warm personal friend of his

and because of that he (Bliss) was always sent to importune the was always sent to importune the money king for money.

Mr. Morgan said, in reply to questions, that he could not recall having had any conversation with Mr. Cortelyou during the 1904 campaign, nor did he know that George W. Perkins contributed to the Republican fund of 1904.

of 1904. He was sure Perkins did not. By Senator Pomerene: NO OTHER PARTIES.

Q. Did your firm contribute to the campaigns of any of the other political parties of 1904?

A. I have no knowledge of anything being done in that way. Q. Did you have any conversa-tion with Mr. Cortelyou after the

1904 campaign?
A. I did in 1907.
Q. With reference to the campaign funds? A. No; with reference to the general financial situation. Q. During the campaign of 1904 did you have any conversation with any financiers?

A. I have no doubt I did. I

don't remember. Q. Did you have any talk with E. H. Harriman?

A. Very likely.
Q. Did you talk with President
Mellen, of the New York, New
Haven and Hartford Railroad,

A. It is very likely I did.
Q. Did you discuss it with any
of the heads of the big life insurance companies?

A. I really can't say. It's too

A. I really can't say, It's too far back for me to remember.
Q. Did you discuss what candidate to support?
A. Not that I recollect.
"I AM MY FIRM."
Q. Did you talk with Mr. Bliss about other contributors? A. I probably gave him some

Q. Were you especially interested in the result of the elec-

A. I was.
Q. Also your firm?
A. I am my firm.
Q. Do you know of any others particularly interested in the result of the election? A. All the other big financial men were interested. Q. Was George W very much interested? W. Perkins

A. As a big insurance man he probably was.

Q. What were the facts Mr. Perkins gave you touching the insurance companies?

insurance companies?

A. I don't remember. At that time Perkins was a trustee of the New York Life, and when he would come for a meeting I would say: 'Perkins, how do they feel down there today?'

Q. Did you have information during the campaign at any time that there was to be a large fund raised for the Roosevelt campaign?

A. I never heard of it. I don't Q. Did you have any talk with Mr. Harriman on the railroad situation and the political effect on the railroads?

AUSTRIAN BARON COMMITS SUICIDE

HE KILLS HIMSELF AND WOMAN WITH WHOM HE HAD BE-COME ENAMORED.

Reden, Austrian minister to Abyssinia, shot and killed Fraulein Pirsche, a dressmaker, with whom he was in love, then killed himself at Lemberg Friday, according to a telegram re-

ceived from there.

The tragedy grew out of objections of Baron Von Reden's family to his proposed marriage to the woman, who

Furnish Bread Free. PHILADELPHIA, PA.— Special.— Branding the action of New York ho-

Washington and this city.

PREVENTS ESCAPE OF PRISONERS

ROANOKE, VA.— Special.—General Manager J. W. Hancock, of the Roam noke Railway and Electric Company, prevented a jail escape of two prisoners, George Jones and Raymond Taylor, who are being held for the Federal authorities, the young men having escaped from the National Reformatory, near Washington, a week ago.

ago.

The boys had made their way interest the cellar of the police station and found a coal chute open, where coal was being unloaded for use at the jail. One young man was out and was pulling the other out when discovered.

GARDEN OF THE GODS IS THROWN OPEN

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLA, Special.-With simple ceremonies the Garden of the Gods was for-mally dedicated to the City of Colorado Springs. In the pres-ence of the widow and members

ence of the widow and members of the family of the late Charles E. Perkins, by whom this park was given to the city, the simple ceremonies were held at the entrance to the park.

A large bronze tablet, in memory and in honor of Mr. Perkins, had been placed on the north gateway rock, and it was today unveiled. Former Mayor Henry C. Hall, of Colorado Springs, who had been named as one of the trustees to whom the Garden of the Gods had been transferred pending its acceptance by the city, pending its acceptance by the city, made an address on behalf of the Perkins family, as did also Mr. Robert Perkins, of Farmingham. Mass., son of the late railroad builder.

The City of Colorade Swrings

The City of Colorado Springs has been in possession of the Gar-den of the Gods, through the gift den of the Gods, through the gift of the Perkins heirs, since Christ-mas Day, 1909, but the formal dedication was not held until to-day. Today's exercises at the Gar-den of the Gods were preceded yesterday by a reception to Mrs. Perkins at the Antlers Hotel, given by the City Planning Com-mittee.

mittee.
In 1879, Mr. Perkins secured title to the 480 acres of land a few miles northeast of Colorado Springs, known as the Garden of the Gods. Throughout his life-time he maintained this great natural park free of access to the en-tire world, and, although he was several times approached by pro-moters offering large sums of money for the land, he refused to part with it. When he died, in 1907, the Garden of the Gods passed, with the remainder of the estate, to his children, and the

estate, to his children, and the only indication as to its disposal was this note found, in his own handwriting, on the back of an old envelope:

"It is my wish that my children give the Garden of the Gods to the city of Colorado Springs for park nurroges."

the city of Colorado Springs for park purposes."

The marvelous and fantastic rock formations of the Garden of the Gods have long been objects of admiration and study by travelers, tourists and geologists the world over. Once the worshiping place of the Indian, who saw in the uplifted rocks the forms and temples of his dlety, the Garden of the Gods is today a point of pilgrimage for the white man of all creeds and nationalities.

RICH MOND, VA-Special-F. M. Bryant, nineteen years of age, of 1841 Venable Street, is con-gratulating himself as a result of his narrow escape from death

Thursday night.

Bryant had been suffering intense pain all day on account of an aching tooth. Upon his arrival at his home at 11 o'clock last night. his home at 11 o'clock last night, he tried to apply a small quantity of cresote, which is potsonous, to the troublesome tooth. Nervousness caused by his suffering caused the young man to swallow, accidentally, a goodly quantity of the drug.

Several minutes after Bryant had taken the poison persons downstairs in the house beauty.

Several minutes after Bryant had taken the polson persons downstairs in the house heard peculiar noises, and quickly traced them to Bryant's room, where they found him stretched out on his back, seemingly suffering great agony. The ambulance responded to a hurry call to the house, and Dr. Page, in charge, labored for an hour over the patient, who was then in a comatose condition and very near death.

Bryant was revived after fortyfive minutes, and told the physician what caused his condition.

NEW YORK .- Special .- Announcement was made this morning on the Consolidated Stock Exchange of the suspension of R. R. Lyman Company. The firm's headquarters are in Buffalo. The firm was organized on June 5, 1909.

OFFICE FLOODED BY REQUESTS FOR TICKETS

NEW YORK. Special. Fifty thousand dollars in checks received at the offices of the New York Giants and the National League for tickets to the world's baseball series has been returned to senders, it was learned.

Was learned.

There was no mail sale of tickets scheduled for this year's series, but this fact did not prevent a flood of letter applications. These have been received by the thousand in both offices, much to the disgust of the official staff in both places, the only thing to do being to mail back the check with a note reiterating the conditions under which tickets for the big series will be sold.

with the sold.

The most common method was to return them with a note saying that the disposal of tickets was in the hands of the National Commission.

At the offices of the National Commission Secretary Heydler, of the National Lengue, was entirely buried by a flood of applications. The only thing he could do was to announce that only reserved seats would be placed on sale on the date to be announced through the news-papers. papers.
It is said this sale will take place at the Polo Grounds next Monday, to afford ticket speculators as little time as possible to dispose of tick-ets before the series begins.

Objects to Wine. OGDENSBURG, N. Y.— Special.— The Women's Christian Temperance WITH WHOM HE HAD BECOME ENAMORED.

BERLIN.— Special.— Baron Von

FRANK J. RORKE IS ILL IN BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE, MD., Oct. 3.—Frank J. Rorke, seventy years old, of Seat-tle, Wash., is critically ill in the Mercy proposed marriage to the woman, who was considered beneath his station.

The baron was forty-seven years of age and the woman thirteen years his junior.

The baron was forty-seven years of age and the woman thirteen years his junior. road train to attend to some business matters, when he was stricken with apoplexy when the train was between

Branding the action of New York hotels in charging extra for bread and butter as graft, Philadelphia bonifaces announce they will continue to furnish the staff of life free.

According to William Allen White, the Progressive party is the "party of protest." And its paper will go to protest on election day.—Times-Herald.