

U. S. S. NORTH DAKOTA, FASTEST OF THE BIG GUN BATTLESHIPS. eed of 22.25 knots. (Copyright, 1909, by Enrique Muller.)

power for battleships. The North Dakota is fitted with Parsons turbines. The Delaware's showing was considered entirely satisfactory, so, of course, this report of the North Dakota's speed is particularly so. The report also shows, by the way, that the North Dakota's screws are completely efficient."

Some naval engineers comment on the remarkably high horsepower reported, a maximum of 35,150, as being little short of extraordinary, but suggest that on its face there is a discrepancy between this power and the speed developed. It would eeem that all that power was not avail-able for propulsion. They say, however, that this may work out when more de-tails are available.

The standardization test would clearly indicate that the North Dakota is the fastest battleship in the navy, and the results of the twenty-four hour test are awaited with the utmost interest.

SYRIANS WIN POINT.

Proceedings in Naturalization Dispute Held Up.

Washington, Nov. 4 .- The Department of Justice to-night took a hand in the con-troversy over the question whether Syrians, Turks, Persians, Egyptians and Arabs are of the white race, and so entitled to naturalization a's American citizens. or of the yellow, and therefore to be excluded from the privileges of citizenship, as contended by Richard K. Campbell. chief of the Bureau of Naturalization of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

William R. Harr, the Attorney General's assistant, having naturalization affairs in charge, announced that instructions would be sent immediately to the United States attorneys throughout the country to hold in abeyance all proceedings in opposition to the naturalization of aplicants of the races referred to until the question can be further investigated. Attorney General Wickersham is out of the city, and the case will be laid before him when he re-

The agitation following the widely dis-puted ruling of Mr. Campbell has become comewhat embarrassing to the State De-partment, which as it announced yesterday, has been negotiating for a reciprocal naturalization treaty with the new Turkish government. A citizen of Turkey can now renounce his citizenship under that government with impunity so long as he keeps off Turkish soil. The setting of his foot thereon at any time thereafter makes him again a Turkish subject.

Rustem Bey, the Turkish Chargé d'Affaires here, to-day had a conference with Secretary Knox. He said that he was much pleased with his reception and with the statements made by Secretary Knox in connection with the question of Ameri-

NORTON SANTA CLAUS.

35 Per Cent Duty. [From The Tribune Bureau.]

D. Norton, the young and energetic Assistdrive reindeer or enter houses through the Santa Claus. He made a ruling to-day which will gladden the heart of many little girl when on Christmas morning she oothes the sliken locks of her "dolly" and commands it to open and close its

In straightening out the kinks in the New York were in doubt as to whether decorated china dolls should be dutiable at 35 per cent or 60 per cent. They asked the Treasury officials here to make a ruling n this question. Paragraph 93 of the Payne law imposes a duty of 60 per cent china, porcelain, parlan, bisque and other toys, while Paragraph 431 provides for the collection of 35 per cent on dolls and doll heads not composed of china, porcelain, parian, bisque, etc In solving the problem in favor of the lower rate of 35 per cent Mr. Norton followed rulings made by the Board of General Appraisers, when they held that under similar apparently conflicting provisions of the law of CONSERVATOR FOR AGED BRIDE. 1899 dolls and doll heads composed of china were properly dutiable as dolls and doll heads, and not as china toys.

KING RECEIVES J. R. CARTER. London, Nov. 4 .- King Edward to-day received J. R. Carter, the retiring secretary of the American Embassy, in farewell audience at Buckingham Palace. His majesty expressed regret at the departure of Mr. Carter, but congratulated him upon his appointment as Minister from the United States to Rumania, Servia and Bulgaria.

KAUFMANN TAKEN

BIG FRAUDS CHARGED

New Yorker Traced to Berlin

by Scrap of Paper.

Henry C. Hill on the charge of committing frauds involving \$107,000 in connection with the Cotton Goods Converters' Company, of New York. The case has many ramifications. Kauf-

partner, M. A. Isaacs, had such implicit in Kaufmann's integrity that, according to Hill, he induced a number of his friends to take shares in the business. One of these was named Bloom, a Cincinnati merchant, who put in \$27,000. Others invested smaller sums.

customer declared was not due. An investigation of the company's accounts fol-lowed and resulted in the discovery of a number of falsified entries amounting to \$107,000. Kaufmann in the mean time had disappeared.

tically ruined held Isaacs, morally responsible, but he gave his check for the total amount missing. The New York Credit Men's Association took up the matter and had Kaufmann indicted. Postoffice Inspec-

It was known that Kaufmann had sailed for Europe, but no clew to his whereabouts could be found until his wife, who is in business in Lawrence, Mass., dropped a paper containing a photograph of a hotel. Neither the name of the hotel nor the name of the city was mentioned, but a window was may ed, and above it were the words "This is my room," in Kaufmann's hand-

After many difficulties the hotel was found to be in Vienna, where Kaufmann re-sided under the name of Marvin Kent. He had ordered that his mail should be sent to tourist's office in Berlin. He called there this evening, and Hill, who was accor

the man, and was arrested. He now awaits

Decides Dolls Shall Pay Only

after her down the river, in a hopeless chase. The marshals were armed with a warrant for the arrest of Martin Kaufefforts of detectives to arrest him, and had passed, unobserved, up the gangplank of

ankrupt firm known as Bloom & Kaufwholesale dealers in cotton goods, at No. 67 East 12th street. The firm had gone 1909, and soon afterward Kaufman thought best to disappear.

After a chase lasting all the way to

Sandy Hook, however, the outbound steamer left the tug in the far distance and Kaufmann had escaped the clutches of the law for the time being.

term of the Criminal Court the woman

ELGIN MINUTES HE young man who is ontimethrows the balance in his favor from the beginning. For punctuality betokens accuracy and reliability in both man and watch. Illustration shows popu No. 78 Dial. G. M. WHEELER Model 16 Size Pendant Winding and Setting. Seventeen lewels. Ruby and sapphire balance and center lewels. Compensating balance Breguet hair spring, with micrometric regulator. Adjusted to temperature, isochronism, three positions. Patent recoiling click and self-locking setting device. Dust ring. Plates damaskeened. Engraving inlaid with gold. Open face and hunting cases. In Filled Gold Cases, \$30 and up. In Solid Gold Cases, \$50 and up. Other Elgin models at other prices according to grade of movement and case. All Elgin models are sold by jewelers every-where, and are fully guaranteed. ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH COMPANY,

TO REFOREST LANDS.

Lumber Company Buys 65,000

Acres Upstate.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

dent of the Emporium Lumber Com-

pany, announces that it has purchased

65,000 acres of timber land in the Cran-

berry Lake section, St. Lawrence Coun-

ty, and north of the state preserve. In

buying the land as well as the timber

Mr. Sykes says his company is going to

establish a precedent of reforesting the land. He declares that it will put into

operation a system of scientific forest-

"Itis not uncommon for lumber com-

panies to buy timber without acquiring

the land," says Mr. Sykes. "Mills are

put to work shaving the land until it is

laid bare and desolate for years to come.

Most of us have made that mistake, but

the recent interest in reforesting devel-

oped by the commendable activities of

ACID USERS HELD.

Active Suffragettes at Ber-

mondsey Committeed.

London, Nov. 4.—Mrs. Chapin, the militant suffragette, who made an attack upon

polling place during the Bermondsey by-

election last Thursday, was committed for trial by the magistrate at the Old Bailey

to-day upon the double charge of having unlawfully meddled with the ballot box and

caused grievous harm to the presiding of-

Mrs. Chapin broke a bottle containing

corresive acid upon a ballot box with the

apparent intention of destroying the bal-lots which the box contained. The acid,

little or none of which found its way into

the box, spattered upon election officials, one of whom was severely burned.

Miss Alison Neilans was also committed

for trial charged with a similar attempt to

destroy ballots in another booth at the

Estate Near Tokio.

Tokio, Nov. 4:-Followed by representa

tives of the Emperor and Empress of Jap-

an, ambassadors and others directed per-

conally to represent their governments, the

lody of Prince Ito was conveyed to its

with the Shinto rites, was at the mauso

loum erected at the late country residence

of the prince in Omori, a suburb of Tokio.

The state funeral began with simple cere-

monies at the Ito city home at 7 o'clock

this morning. Only members of the im-

friends were present. A procession was

imperial band playing Chopin's "Funeral

a half distant, where public services were

The park was crowded with men in even-

Many of these were foreigners. A special

catafalque rested during the ceremonies,

Here a wreath was presented by Thomas

J. O'Brien, American Ambassador, on be-

half of President Taft, while similar floral

offerings were made in the name of their

MacDonald; Count Monteglas, German

Chargé d'Affaires, and representatives of

France, Russia, Austria and Italy. There

were also floral tributes from Field Mar-

shal Lord Kitchener, in the name of the British army, and from the delegation of Coreans now in this country.

ROYAL VISITORS TO POTSDAM.

Potsdam, Nov. 4.-The Crown Prince and

Crown Princess of Greece, accompanied by

their two eldest children, have arrived here and are staying at the new palace.

JAPANESE MANŒUVRES TO-DAY.

by the Emperor, and also by Field Marshal

Lord Kitchener and the military, attachés

of all the embassies. They will continue

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

IMPROVED THROUGH

TRAIN SERVICE

will be made on Sunday, No-

A general change of time

A new train "The 24-Hour

St. Louis" will leave New

York at 6.25 P. M. and ar-

rive St. Louis 5.25 P. M.,

making the run in 24 hours.

This train will also carry

sleeping cars to Cincinnati

The "St. Louis Limited"

will be changed to leave New

York at 10.55 A. M. and ar-

Improved service and addi-

tional through sleeping cars to

Florida and the South will be

A number of less important

changes will be made on prac-

rive St. Louis 1.25 P. M.

Reminder Bulletin.

vember 7.

and Cleveland.

established.

tically all divisions.

which occupied three hours.

had been erected, and in this the

formed at 9 o'clock, and, headed by the

The ceremonies were imposing.

mediate family and the

in the future."

ir government points to better things

Buffalo, Nov. 4 .- W. L. Sykes, presi-

New York, was arrested to-night by for-mer United States Postoffice Inspector

mann was for a long time considered a trustworthy business man in New York. His

The business proceeded satisfactorily for six months, until Bloom asked a customer to settle an outstanding account, which the

Some of the shareholders who were practor Hill was placed in charge of the case.

panied by Arthur Kugemann, of this city, and a detective, accosted him.

At first Kaufmann stoutly denied his identity, but later he admitted that he was extradition papers from the United States.

Just after the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse swung out into the channel, after leaving her pier in Hoboken on Tuesday, May 25, 1909, a small tug, commandeered by a lawyer and two deputy United States marshals, set

Kaufmann was a member of the then March," moved to Kibya Park, a mile and

James N. Rosenberg, a lawyer repreenting the creditors, secured a warrant from Judge Hough on the day that it was earned Kaufmann was to sail for Europe, the warrant being issued on the ground Kaufman was about to leave the jurisdiction of the court. On May 25 Rocoberg asked Marshal Henkel to serve the papers, but Kaufmann had already mann was already in midstream the lawyer and the marshal chartered a tug, offering the captain a big price it he should over-

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 4.-Judge Marvin, of the Probate Court, announced to-day that he would appoint a conservator for Mrs. Lucinda Treat Goddard, the seventyyear-old bride of Charles R. Goddard, a Yale student, who only recently reached

SCOTT & FOWLES CO. 590 Fifth Avenue,

DEALERS IN HIGH CLASS PAINTINGS

TAFT PRAISES LAW

THE WAY TO REFORM.

Not by Disregarding Statutes -Welcomed in Savannah.

Savannah, Nov. 4.-President Taft ar-Savannah, Nov. 4.—President Tatt arrived here at 7:45 o'clock to-night, after travelling through Central and Southeastern Georgia this afternoon. He began his eighteen hours' visit with an elaborate dinner at the Do Soto Hotel. To-morrow he will be taken for a sail in the harbor, will have a spin around the automobile course over which the grand prize races were run, and will have luncheon at the Thunderbolt

The dinner in honor of the President was in many respects the most sumptions he has encountered in his travels. Nearly every course was served on a dish which was taken home by the diners as a souvenir. At each plate was a gold scarfpin bearing the seal of the city of Savannah. The canapé was served on hand painted china trays bearing the President's Diamondback terrapin appeared in individual burnished copper chafing dishes which were souvenirs. Punch was served in silver mounted glasses, brandy in silver filigree cups and eigars in red leather cases-all souvenirs. As the President arose to speak twenty white doves were liberated over the heads of the diners. Savannah is the furthest South the President will go, and when he leaves here at 2 ck to-morrow afternoon he will travel toward Washington, where he is due to arrive next Wednesday evening.

Georgia has proved no exception to other Southern States in the heartiness of its welcome to the President. In Macon this morning it seemed as though the country for miles around had been depopulated to make up the throngs in that city. At every one of the numerous stops between Macon and this city there were large throngs out to greet the President and cheer the few words he had an opportunity to speak. Here to-night he was met by another great crowd. Mr. Taft is the guest of General William L. Gordon, an old family friend. FOR STRICT OBSERVANCE OF LAW.

The Macon speech was Mr. Taft's principal utterance of the day. In it he sought to define more exactly than he has in the past the restrictions placed on the Executive and the responsibility that should rest on Congress. He also stated his belief that the best way to accomplish reforms is not for the Executive to disregard the limitations that stand in their way.
"I recognize that you were innocent of

my selection," he began. He was interrupted by a voice in the crowd: "But we got you, just the same."
"Yes," he replied, "you took me in, and PRINCE ITO BURIED.

now you have got to stand me a little more than three years longer. But I will try to Body Placed in Mausoleum on make the burden as light as possible."

The President declared that the "Anglo-

Saxon race, through years of self-government and self-restraint, had come to be good losers, and that the majority had come to realize that it was bound by certain limitations of decency and patriotism which it must respect. The powerful majority should be used for the benefit of the people and the country, and not for exaltresting place to-day. The burial, conducted ing the person who temporarily is vested with the authority to exercise it.'

The Constitution of the United States, he said, had been drawn with great foresight and wisdom, and there were few respects in ld be changed or improved. "All that I have said," he went on, brings me to a little sermon on the wis-

dom and necessity of following the law as it is. Sometimes, in the zest and enthusiasm of desiring reforms, we find impatience with the limitations of the statutes that prevent the immediate accomplishment of our purpose, and we are tempted to disregard and ignore them. But I think you will agree with me that that is not the best way to get rid of the limitations that interfere with progress. The people should be told of the limitations; they should be aroused to the necessity of wiping out those limitations and to the necessity of a change. They should not leave it to the Executive to disregard the written law because what he purposes to do is not the law of a higher morality.

"If you depart in any way from the law as it is, you enter upon a path which, while entirely certain for one issue in your mind with respect to the higher moral aim of your own soul and that of your fellow citi-zens, you are nevertheless being led into a At the conclusion of these rites the ca.a-falque was again placed upon the guncarriage, and at 2 o'clock the march to Omori, where the internent was to be made, was begun. Along the route of six miles a throng of numberless thousands looked on in silence. The interment was made at dusk, in the immediate presence of the family, a few personal friends, representatives of the Emperor and Empress and other royal personages. wilderness out of which you cannot subse quently guide your steps.

"First make your law according to your desires and ambitions," he added, "and then follow it. I am telling you of these limitations of the Executive and of the duty of the Congress because this winter I expect to recommend a lot of things to Congress, and I want you to know where the responsibility lies if they fail to pass."

FOR MINISTER TO CHINA.

Oscar T. Crosby Said to Have Been Selected by Mr. Knox. begin to-morrow. They will be witnessed Washington, Nov. 4 .- The name of Oscar

T. Crosby, of Washington and Warrenton, Va., has been added to those mentioned here in connection with the United States Ministership to China.

The report is current to-night, on what is said to be good authority, that Secre-tary Knox has selected Mr. Crosby and that President Taft has his name under consideration. It is also reported that shortly after Mr. Taft's return Mr. Crosby's selection will be announced. Mr. Crosby is an electrical engineer by

profession. He is a graduate of West Point, but gave up his commission in the army.

FOR DISFRANCHISEMENT.

German Minister Doesn't Believe in Giving Votes to Negroes.

London, Nov. 4.-Bernhard Dernburg. the German Secretary of State for the Colonies, who returned from a trip to the Southern States, where he made a study of cotton growing, said this evening that his experience in the United States convinced him that cotton growing was essentially a negro's job. He was greatly impressed with Booker

T. Washington and the Tuskegee students, but he did not want an educated proje tariat in the German colonies. He considered that the result of the Metayer system cotton cultivation in the Southern per cent more than was necessary.

In the opinion of the Secretary an ideal system would be one in which the white man would act as director of negro labor, subjecting his workers to discipline, so that they could be relied upon to work regularly. He approved of the disfran-chisement of the negro, because, he argued, it would make mischief to pretend that the negro was the equal of the white,

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STEINHEIL DEFENCE

Continued from first page.

definitely accused him, but had only said that he resembled one of the assassins. A summary of the day's evidence shows that the judge failed to shake Mme. Steinheil's original version of the crime. She admitted intrigue, but heatedly denied that she sent her mother to solicit money from her friends, and she insisted that her husband had never profited by her conduct. Admitting that she had done wrong, in a tearful voice beseeched the jury to pardon her

When confronted with the inconsistencies in her stories she justified them by saying that she had lost her head when harassed by journalists and detectives and had thus been led to believe that those whom she had accused were perhaps guilty.

The judge led the woman again and again over the story of the crime itself, and after suggesting that she had probably worked out a fantastic plot, in which she introduced red bearded men and a red haired woman, taken from books or adapted from some similar crime of which she had read in her youth, confronted her with the charges of having dyed her dressing gowns after the murder, to get rid of tell-tale ink stains, and of having changed some of her stepmother's bedding. He also pointed out that the gag when taken from Mme. Japy's mouth was not moistened with saliva, and declared that therefore the gagging was a farce and the whole story trumped up.

Mme. Steinhell indignantly denied thesa charges and said that if the gag did not show saliva it was because the doctors had examined the wrong gag. She asserted that she had no motive in dyeing her gowns.

LEFT SHIP TO FATE. Serious Charge Made by Officer of the Hestia.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 4 .- That the condition of the buoy marking Old Proprietor Ledge, at the entrance of the Bay of Fundy, was responsible for the stranding of the Donaldson Line steamer Hestia, and the consequent loss of thirty-five lives, last month, is the charge made by Third Officer S. G. Stewart, the only surviving officer of the ves-

Specifically, he charges that the Old Proprietor Ledge buoy has neither light nor fog signal, although it is listed as having both. He says: "It is known locally that the buoy has

been in this condition for months. The Hestia must have passed within a few feet of this buoy, and had it been lighted or its whistle sounding the Hestia would have been warned, and easily cleared the ledges upon which she was wrecked." Stewart also charges that the keeper

of Gannet Rock Light admits having seen the danger of the steamer, but did not fire a gun because he was afraid of awaking a doctor in the lighthouse. Stewart says:

"A few explosives from the lighthouse would have warned the ship and saved her from destruction; still, they were not given, although the keeper admits seeing the vessel's danger. We were from 1:10 a. m. on Monday until noon on Tuesday-thirty-five hours-in a helpless and perilous position before any one came near the ship. This notwithstanding our being only four miles from the Gannet Light and making continuous distress signals and with a life saving station not far away."

The government is investigating the

Budd

Madison Square West

Desires to announce the opening of a NEW BRANCH STORE

572 FIFTH AVENUE opposite the Windsor Arcade

Downtown Branch

149 Broadway (Singer Building)

WAITS FOR CONGRESS.

No Recess Appointment of Justice Probable.

Washington, Nov. 4 .- Unless President Taft decides to disregard precedents, which he is not likely to do, no one will take the place in the Supre death of Justice Peckham before Congress assembles in December.

All the present justices, with one exception, were nominated while Congress was in session. The exception was Justice Harlan, who was appointed by President Hayes on November 29, 1877, but refrained from taking his seat in the court until December 10 following, when his nomination had been confirmed by the Senate.

There is an unwritten law of the court itself for this which is likely to be respected, for it has been the practice of all Presidents to consult the members of the court before filling vacancies. The objection to seating a justice in a recess of Congress is that failure of the Senate to confirm his nomination would seriously impair the weight of decisions in important cases in which he may have taken part. Therefore, while it is possible that Presi-

dent Taft may make his selection before Congress meets, the actual appointment, or until the Senate has had an opportunity to

SUGAR INDICTMENTS.

Man Higher Up" Said to Have Been Caught in Net. A large batch of indictments was handed

up in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court yesterday, Judge Hand sitting, and among them was one against Joseph Donellen, who was arrested recently on a charge of having made wrong entries while weighing sugar on the Havemeyer & Elder docks last March. Donellen was taken before Judge Hand and pleaded not guilty. Bail was fixed at \$2,000.

Winfred T. Denison, assisting Henry L. Stimson, ex-United States Attorney, in the prosecutions, was before the federal grand



jury the greater part of the day yesterday, and it was rumored that the "man higher up" for whom they have been hunting since last spring had been found. The present grand jury is expected to clean up a good part of the case the government has be preparing, and it was said that some of the indictments handed in yesterday and sealed were against men concerned in alleged frauds before and since the "case of the eventeen holes," in the prosecution which against the American Sugar Refining Company the government won.

The specific charge against Donellen was

of having defrauded the government out of duties on a cargo of sugar from Java on the steamship Cyrus. The amount which the government lost was said in the indictment to have been \$3,500.

SYRIAN CITIZENSHIP UPHELD.

Los Angeles, Nov. 4.-The right of native Syrian to become a citizen of the United States was upheld to-day in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County. Judge Hutton ruled that a Syrian was not a Mongolian, but of the Aryan race. The government will appeal to the federal courts.

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