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BALL IMBEDDED IN FOURTH RIB

First X-Ray Plate Of Roosevelt's Wound Is Developed

Missile Spread Out Of Shape--Colonel Makes Such A Steady Gain In The Last Twenty-Four Hours That Attending Surgeons Are More Hopeful For His Re- covery Than They Have Been At Any Time Since He Was Shot In Milwaukee

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Colonel Roosevelt has made such a steady gain in the last 24 hours that the attending surgeons are more hopeful for his ultimate recovery than they have been at any time since he was shot in Milwaukee.

In an examination made at Mercy hospital the colonel's pulse and respiration were shown to be nearly normal, the general condition good, and the patient cheerful and resting well.

That the surgeons themselves feel more hopeful is best evidenced by the admissions in a bit of remarks while the colonel was being examined. As he was being rolled over the colonel exclaimed, with a grin: "I move with greater agility than I have for a couple of days."

"We are all breathing more easily, too," came the quick reply from Dr. J. B. Murphy.

"I am struck with the excellence of Colonel Roosevelt's condition after what he has been through," Dr. Lambert, the Roosevelt family physician, said. "There is no question that it is a serious wound with serious possibilities, none of which have appeared, and we shall not anticipate nor cross any bridges until we get there. The folded manuscript and heavy steel spectacle case checked and deflected the bullet so that it passed up at such an angle that it went outside the ribs and in the muscles. If this deflection had not occurred and the bullet gone through the auricle of the aorta or auricles of the heart, Colonel Roosevelt would not have lived 60 seconds."

Family Sees Patient.

Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Ethel and Theodore, Jr., on their arrival were met at the Englewood station by Mrs. Alice Longworth and Mrs. Medill McCormick. Mrs. Roosevelt was the first to alight, and as she stepped rapidly off the train, assisted by Dr. Alexander Lambert, the Roosevelt family physician who had accompanied the party from New York, Mrs. Longworth pushed forward, embraced and reassured her that there was nothing to worry about.

When Mrs. Roosevelt reached the hospital the colonel greeted his wife with a gay "hello." After greeting the children, the colonel again reassured the whole family by having read the last of the bulletins of the surgeons.

Dr. Lambert and Evans immediately departed for the downtown district, returning in about two hours with several volumes of nature study, travel and fiction. This supply was augmented by the arrival at the hospital of a box of books from "two women admirers."

Other visitors were Father E. J. Vattman and Colonel Cecil Lyon. "I talked with the colonel for five minutes," said Colonel Lyon. "During that time we talked of everything under the sun but religion. He's all right, all right."

Bullet Located.

The first X-ray plate which definitely shows the bullet in Colonel Roosevelt's chest, has been developed. The bullet is shown partly imbedded in the fracture of the fourth rib, about four inches from the sternum. The bullet is much flattened and spread out of shape. It is crushed into the upper edge of the rib. Several small splinters of bone project near it.

The surgeons in charge of the case from the first have refused to state in any manner whether the flesh was

FINE PHOTO OF ROOSEVELT

Former President Is Strained Even When Wounded.



Photos © 1912 by American Press Association.

Above, one of the best posed photos of Colonel Roosevelt; below, Colonel Roosevelt in his auto, with crowd of admirers around him, showing how he exposed himself to assassin's bullet in Milwaukee.

ROOSEVELT STRENUOUS EVEN WHEN WOUNDED.

Jumps into auto after he was shot and keeps his engagement to speak. "I have just been shot," he tells audience. "I do not care a rap." Finished his speech, walked off stage, drove to hospital in auto. Undressed unaided for X-ray examination, dressed and went to Chicago. Shaved himself on the train. Walked from station to ambulance. Submitted with a smile to second X-ray examination.

lacerated in the passage of the bullet. No information on this point can be obtained from the skiagraph. Gunshot wounds inflicted by soft lead bullets such as that fired by Schrank into the body of Colonel Roosevelt commonly are lacerated and much confused.

According to the examinations, the bullet is from four to five inches below the surface, and is reaching its

SCENE OF UNUSUAL BEAUTY WHEN FLEET AND SHORE WERE ILLUMINATED BY MANY THOUSANDS OF FLAMING ELECTRIC BULBS



FLEET AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE ILLUMINATED
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New York, Oct. 17.—Pen cannot describe and even photography is inadequate in depicting the splendor of the scene at night during the visit of the fleet to this city. Thousands and

thousands of electric lights were hung along Riverside drive, which parallels the Hudson river for miles, and all of the vessels in the fleet were outlined by lines of gleaming lamps. In the accompanying picture the sol-

diere and sailors' monument appears in the foreground with the curved line of Riverside drive at the left. Several battleships are shown in the river, with the lights on the New Jersey shore in the distance.

present position made a slanting wound from six to seven inches long. Unless complications appear, Colonel Roosevelt will be removed to Oyster Bay Saturday evening. This was decided upon in a conference between the surgeons and the Roosevelt family.

TRAILING BURGLARS

Dennison, O., Oct. 17.—Bloodhounds are trailing burglars who chloroformed Joseph Howell and his wife, stole \$1,000 in cash and several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry from their flat, and then blew the safe in their grocery store below. The couple are in a serious condition.

LABOR TO AID MOTHERS

Canton, O., Oct. 17.—The Ohio Federation of Labor at its convention here decided to submit to the next legislature drafts of measures providing a mother's pension, a state printing office to print all text books used in the public schools, and 15 more workshop inspectors. A committee will write tentative bills.

PAYS FINE FOR HANDS

Lima, O., Oct. 17.—With northwest Ohio farmers paying as high as \$4 a day for farm labor, J. T. Fenstermaker, an Allen county farmer, visited the city prison here and paid the fines of six prisoners. The men were sentenced to cut corn at \$3 a day.

ELECTRIC CARS COLLIDE 12 PERSONS INJURED

Sandusky, O., Oct. 17.—Twelve passengers were injured, six seriously, when an eastbound limited and westbound local on the Lake Shore Electric railway collided at a switch near Vermillion, O., midway between this city and Lorain. The injured: Mrs. Abner Brown, Fremont; John Knott, Vermillion; Deputy Fire Marshal L. H. Smith Sandusky; Truman Brown, Berlin Heights, motorman on the limited; Henry Morrison, a Sandusky county farmer; Howard Ruggles, Ruggles Grove, conductor of the limited.

HOGAN TO INVESTIGATE LOWRY'S CONDITION

Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Attorney General Hogan said he intended to look closely into the physical condition of A. Clark Lowry, Lawrence county legislator, under indictment in connection with legislative bribery, before any step is taken toward quashing the indictment against him. Last week Hogan received word that Lowry was critically ill at Mt. Clemens. The next report from Mt. Clemens was to the effect that Lowry was leaving for his home in Ironton in his automobile.

OIL TO BE SUBSTITUTED FOR COAL ON WARSHIPS

London, Oct. 17.—The British admiralty is preparing to substitute oil for coal as fuel for its battleships. A big naval base equipped for the storage of millions of gallons of oil is being constructed at Rosyth, on the east coast of Scotland. The protection of the tanks against aviators is a serious problem, say admiralty officers. An aviator dropped a dummy bomb into a 20 feet square from a height of 200 feet.

TO TEST OPINION

Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Suit may be started soon to test the correctness of Attorney General Hogan's opinion to State Insurance Superintendent Moore and the state liability board of awards, that an insurance company can not contract in Ohio to indemnify an employer from the result of injuries occasioned by his willful act or from his failure to observe the law for the protection of the life and safety of employees.

INSANE

Is Schrank, The Would-Be Assassin Of Roosevelt

Made A Scene At The Funeral Of His Aunt

Father Was Also Crazy De- clares A New York Man

New York, Oct. 17.—Inspector Joseph Faurot, one of the expert identification men of the New York detective bureau, will spend the next fortnight looking up every available detail of John Schrank's life in New York City.

The police declare that he came from ancestry in which insanity was frequent and had probably been slightly unbalanced for several years.

The unliking of his mind is believed to date either from the death of his aunt in 1907, or from the death of a girl friend in the General Steamship disaster.

The information thus far in the hands of the police shows that Schrank was born in Bavaria and came to this country when nine years old, with an uncle, Dominick Flammang, whose name the boy bore for many years.

His father is said to have suffered from insane delusions and his grandfather, a wealthy Bavarian brewer, also exhibited unsoundness of mind in his declining years.

The Flammang's became saloonkeepers on the East Side and prospered. Eight years ago they retired with a comfortable little fortune invested in real estate. Upon their death this went to Schrank.

Mrs. Flammang died in a hospital in 1907 and her husband died a few years later.

Schrank, who was devoted to his aunt, made a scene in the room where she died, refusing to leave her body until he was forcibly ejected.

He again became violent at the funeral and for several days he mourned at the grave, weeping and mourning.

After the death of his uncle, Schrank moved his scanty effects to a little hotel in Brooklyn, a block from the cemetery, and thereafter spent hours daily beside his aunt's grave, which he kept covered with flowers.

Police headquarters is holding a bundle of letters and other papers taken from Schrank's room in the Brooklyn hotel. The nature of these documents has not been announced.

The man left the Brooklyn address nine months ago and took up his residence at the Canal street lodging house where he lived until about September 20, when his pursuit of Roosevelt began.

An effort will be made to find out if Colonel Roosevelt while police commissioner in New York, ever caused Flammang's saloon to be shut up for excise violations.

Friends of the family declare that it was always an orderly place and that Schrank must have been made if he said that his hatred for Roosevelt dated from the day policemen raided the place.

Schrank has absolutely no police record in this city. An investigation of the saloon licenses issued on the lower East Side shows that license No. 4656 was issued on April 29, 1905, to John Schrank as proprietor. The location of the saloon is given as 370 East Tenth street. The place is now a grocery.

Commissioner Daugherty is going into Schrank's antecedents with a fine-toothed comb, seeking to corroborate a theory of some of the detectives that Schrank's insanity is as cleverly planned as was his attack on the colonel, that he only skillfully carried out a plot of some one's else hatching.

Some one or set of persons—perhaps an Anarchist group, perhaps personal enemies—planned every step of Schrank's movements, and derided him to carry out each, it is believed by many at headquarters.

Schrank wasn't to be caught if he could help it; if he was caught, his "proclamations," his pamphlets and his hotel menus and stationery clearly defining the trail of Roosevelt he had made, would pronounce him insane and save his neck.

BECKER WAS VERY UNEASY

When Damaging Testimony Was Given Against Him

Widow of Rosenthal, Murdered Gambler, On The Stand.

CROSS-EXAMINATION CHECKED

Testimony of Disinterested Witnesses Tends to Show That Defendant and Rose, Months Before the Murder, Met Frequently at the Letter's House and Other Places—Becker's Movements After Murder.

New York, Oct. 17.—There was an episode in the trial of Lieutenant Becker that will hardly be forgotten by those who looked and listened. That was when Mrs. Lillian Rosenthal, the widow of the murdered gambler, looked steadfastly at Becker and swore that she was present when Becker, in the Elks' club, a few months before the murder, put his arm around her husband's shoulder and said, "Cheer up. Everything will be all right."

The jurors, who had been following every word of Mrs. Rosenthal's story, were on tiptoe as they leaned toward the witness. Several turned their heads and watched Becker's face as Mrs. Rosenthal went on with her testimony about the raid that the lieutenant made on the gambling house, and the reply he made to her surprised questions as to what it all meant, said: "It had to be Herman or me. Tell Herman he don't owe me anything. Tell him to go down and see that man and tell him we are square."

For the first time since the trial Lieutenant Becker appeared to be uneasy. When Mr. McIntyre, a little later, would have persisted with the cross-examination of Mrs. Rosenthal, Becker ordered his lawyer to stop.

With the testimony of Mrs. Rosenthal and with the testimony of numerous disinterested witnesses that Becker and Rose, in the months before the murder, met frequently at Rose's house, at the Union Square hotel and at Luchow's restaurant, and that Becker was in communication with Rose after the murder, the state approached the completion of the case.

Mrs. Rosenthal testified that when she came to bury her husband she had only \$100 "to her name"—all that had been left her by Rosenthal. "We introduce this," said Assistant District Attorney Moss, "because it has been claimed by the defense that gamblers gave Rosenthal \$25,000 or some such sum to insure his stance."

BURNED TO DEATH

Fremont, O., Oct. 17.—Robert Somers, 21, son of George Somers, a farmer, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed a barn on his father's farm near here. Young Somers met death when he attempted to rescue a team of horses valued at \$1,000.

FATALLY INJURED

Genos, O., Oct. 17.—Charles Coleman was fatally injured, in putting up a wire fence, when the wire broke and a bolt struck him on the head.

Brush Better.
New York, Oct. 17.—It was reported at the Hotel Imperial that John T. Brush, owner of the Glants, was not as seriously ill as had been reported. He has a mild attack of rheumatism.

Dates on Coins.
James V. of Scotland was the first to put dates on his coinage.