



MRS. WASHINGTON AUGUSTUS ROEBELING.

Appointed as a member of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair by United States Commissioner Lindsey of Kentucky. Mrs. Roebeling's home is in Trenton, N. J.

LI'S DEATH HASTENED BY QUARREL WITH M. LESSAR.

Russian Minister Objected to Revealing Text of Manchurian Treaty to Other Powers.

CHINESE VICEROY INSISTED.

Stormy Words Followed, and Li Hung Chang Left in a Passion, Hemorrhage Followed and Death Soon Came.

Pekin, Nov. 8.—A violent dispute with M. Paul Lessar, Russian Minister to China, over the Manchurian treaty appears to have been the immediate cause of the death of Li Hung Chang.

The diplomatic events preceding this tragic climax have enabled Japan for a moment to frustrate the designs of Russia. A fortnight ago the Japanese Legation secured a reliable outline of the terms of the treaty and thereupon demanded that the Chinese plenipotentiaries officially lay before them the text, basing this demand upon the allegation that Japanese interests were involved in any change of the status of Manchuria.

The Chinese plenipotentiaries refused to comply with the demand. Thereupon the Japanese Government from Tokyo communicated with the Southern Viceroys and induced them to use their influence with the Empress Dowager against the treaty.

In the meantime the Empress Dowager instructed Li Hung Chang to communicate the treaty, after certain modifications, to the Ministers of the Powers, and if they did not object to sign the same.

STORMY INTERVIEW THREE EARL LI INTO A PASSION. Li Hung Chang visited M. Lessar and explained to him the situation. The Russian Minister strongly objected to revealing the text of the treaty to the Ministers of the other Powers, and a stormy interview ensued. Li Hung Chang went home in a violent passion and had a hemorrhage, which the doctors attribute to the over-exertion of a weakened system.

While these things were happening in Peking the Southern Viceroys sent to the Empress Dowager a memorial against the treaty. On receiving it she telegraphed to Li Hung Chang countermanding the order to sign. This instruction came after Li Hung Chang had become unconscious. When M. Lessar endeavored to have Li Hung Chang's seal affixed to the treaty Chou Fu, Provincial Treasurer, had arrived from Peking-Fu and had taken charge of the seals as the temporary successor of Earl Li.

UNITED STATES FLAG ONLY ONE AT HALF-MAST. The flag of the United States Legation was the only one half-masted in Peking to-day. The mourners and the family of Li Hung Chang will burn paper offerings to-morrow, in accordance with custom, for the use of his spirit in the other world. The street is hung with mourning emblems. All the attendants at the Yamen are richly attired and many of them gaudily dressed. To-day mourners beat drums about the house. Li Hung Chang's estate will remain intact for the use of his eldest son, who will provide for the other members of the family.

Yuan Shi Kai, his successor in the governorship of the Province of Shan-Tung, is an unknown man, who has been holding an unimportant, though lucrative, position as Grain Commissioner in one of the inland towns of the Province. He will be watched with the deepest interest, because the fate of China will largely depend upon his course. Wang Wen Shao, who is 74 years of age and deaf, was never rated as a statesman or a diplomatist. His appointment is probably temporary.

EMPEROR PROPOSES TO SET EXAMPLE OF REFORM. Telegraphic communication with Prince Ching was obtained to-day. He is said to be returning to the court. After consultation, he will meet with Wang Wen Shao, who is accompanying the court, which is now five days' journey from Kai-Fong-Fu.

Emperor Kwang Su, report says, is asserting himself and leading the imperial cortege on horseback. Native papers declare that he proposes to inaugurate a revival of the military spirit, assuming the honorary position of Commander-in-Chief and wearing a uniform. They also assert that he will compel the nobles to follow his example, to take military positions and to study military science. A private letter from a European now in Tai-Yuen-Fu says that two British officers, with a party of Indian soldiers, encountered the imperial procession, were suspected of unfriendly motives and were detained as prisoners by the Emperor's body-guard for a few days. Apparently this was an exploring party, commanded by Major Mansfield and Captain Hunter, which has been operating in that region for some time.

SUCCESSOR TO LI HUNG CHANG IS APPOINTED.

Pekin, Nov. 8.—The special edict has arrived here appointing Yuan Shi Kai, Governor of Shan-Tung Province, to be Governor of the Province of Chi-Li, and appointing Wang Wen Shao, who is vice president of the Foreign Office and a member of the Cabinet, to succeed Li Hung Chang as plenipotentiary. They are both ordered to come to Peking forthwith.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Yuan Shi Kai is the appointment that could have been made, according to Mr. Rockhill, special Commissioner of the United States to Peking. He is about 45 years old, and began his public career as a military officer in Hunan. As Governor of Shan-Tung he showed ability in tranquillizing the Province and by diplomacy prevented friction between the population and encroaching Germans. He organized the best military force in China, the one that occupied Peking when the foreign forces were withdrawn.

Wang Wen Shao, who is made Deputy Viceroy of Chi-Li, has been friendly to foreign ideas. He is one of the two Ministers appointed to form the new Chinese Foreign Office, which will replace the Tsung-Li-Yamen.

LI IS MADE A MARQUESS. ALSO GETS NEW NAME. Pekin, Nov. 8.—An imperial edict creates the late Earl Li Hung Chang a Marquis, and bestows on him the new name of Li Wen Chung, by which he will be known in history.

Santa Fe Takes Possession. Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 8.—The Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix Railroad was today turned over to the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Company.

LEADING TOPICS

TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

THE SUN RISES THIS MORNING AT 6:38 AND SETS THIS EVENING AT 4:52. WEATHER INDICATIONS. For St. Louis and Vicinity—Fair weather; warmer to-day and Sunday.

For Missouri—Fair in eastern, partly cloudy possibly showers, in western portions Sunday; colder in north-west portion. Sunday, fair; southerly winds, shifting to northerly.

For Illinois—Fair Saturday and Sunday; fair with colder in southern portions; fresh southerly winds, shifting to northerly.

Convicts Killed in Running Battle. President Francis Returns From Georgia. Governor Presents Special Report. Horace Mann School Nearing Completion.

- 1. Veterinarians Will Testify at Inquest, Trade Situation, Seeking Ground for River Terminals. 2. Entries and Selections. 3. Three Local Football Games To-Day, On the East Side. 4. Editorial. 5. Enthusiastic Audience G greets Theodore Thomas. 6. Gossip About Authors and Their Work. Millions for Street Railway. 7. Waists for Fall Wear. 8. To Walk Correctly. 9. Sunday Church Services. 10. Republic "Want" Advertisements. Birth, Marriage and Death Records. Real Estate Transfers. 11. Rooms for Rent and Real Estate Advertisements. Varying Edicts of Internal Commerce. 12. Summary of St. Louis Markets. Realizing by Longs Broke Wheat Market. 13. Wall Street Deals Much Smaller. River Brevities. 14. Illinois Taxpayers Goosing. Acquitted of Throwing Rock at Car, Sugar Ship Held in Antarctic Ice.

TWO FUGITIVE CONVICTS KILLED IN RUNNING BATTLE.

Discovered in a Barn Near Nortonville, Kas., by a Posse of Farmers and Shot While They Were Fighting to Get Away—Seven Others Captured.

ALL SOUTHERN KANSAS ENGAGED IN THE MAN HUNT.

Leavenworth, Kas., Nov. 8.—Eleven of the twenty-six convicts who escaped from the stockade of the reformatory prison here yesterday afternoon have been accounted for.

Two of the nine are dead-killed in a pitched battle with a posse of farmers, near Nortonville, this afternoon. They are: James Hoffman, aged 29, white. J. J. Poffenholz, aged 25, white, a soldier convict.

John Green, aged 21, and Willard Drake, white, aged 19, are wounded and recaptured, and Fred Moore, aged 16, a negro, is recaptured unhurt.

Two others, Donald Noe and R. L. Davemport, were captured to-day in a field two miles north of Jarboe. They were hiding in a ravine, and, being unarmed, they surrendered without resistance.

Two others, Ole Babe, a half-breed Indian, and Joseph H. Diekin, a soldier serving a term for desertion and assault to kill, were captured at Lawrence by the Sheriff of Douglas County.

Two more of the convicts were caught in Topeka late to-night, thus leaving only fifteen of the fugitives free.

Frank Dawson, the negro who led the outbreak, is supposed to be near Lawrence heavily armed. He will probably not be taken alive.

DEADLY BATTLE BETWEEN CONVICTS AND FARMERS.

Hoffman, Poffenholz, Green, Drake and Moore were discovered in the barn of Pay Welshaar, a quarter of a mile from Nortonville, Kas., about 3 o'clock this afternoon. Welshaar went into the barn and was ordered out at the point of a gun.

He rushed to Nortonville and gathered a wagon load of men who, with revolvers, shotguns and a few Winchesters, hastened to the scene.

The convicts saw the men coming and rushed from the barn. They had two shotguns and revolvers. The posse pursued them and a running battle resulted.

The convicts were at a disadvantage, and their shots had no effect, but at every volley from the posse one of the convicts fell. After two had dropped, two of the others gave themselves up, one being wounded, the other unhurt.

The fifth was 200 yards away when a man with a Winchester drew a bead on him and fired. He was evidently hard hit, but tried to go on, and a volley was fired by the posse. He fell dead in his tracks. None of the citizens was hurt.

The convicts had a rifle, a shotgun and an old revolver. Hoffman had the shotgun. He was shot first in the hand. He yelled and dropped the shotgun. Just then a bullet entered his back and he fell dead. Poffenholz died forty minutes after being shot. Green was brought down by a bullet in the knee. Drake was shot twice in the right wrist and arm. Drake says Joe South-erland, an Indian, was shot in the light at the stockade.

FUGITIVES RUNNING TOWARD INDIAN TERRITORY.

This battle was only an incident of the most exciting man hunt that has occurred in this section of the country since the last of the Indian outbreaks. The fugitives, in parties of four to ten, are making for the Indian Territory, a hundred miles south, at breakneck speed, while their pursuers, a dare-devil force of heavily armed plainmen, are making every effort to head them off before they reach the Kansas River.

The authorities have pressed telegraph, telephone and mail lines, and special messengers into service, and scores of Sheriff Shortt's Constables and farmer-constables throughout Southern Kansas are watching roads, bridges, farmhouses and forests, prepared to do battle with the desperate fugitives.

Reports show that the convicts are seizing farmers' horses and running them at a high speed until the animals give out and then pressing in fresh ones whenever found. By making these relays they are trying to outdo the officers of the Territory.

At Missouri City, Mo., a store was broken into and a quantity of clothing and shoes was stolen; at Weston, Mo., two or three horses were taken, and at Tengenoxie, Kas., a couple of horses and some clothing were stolen.

Only guards and civil officers, each of whom hopes to earn the \$25 reward that is offered for the capture of the criminals, are in the chase over the reservation.

The oldest of the fugitives is aged 25, Quinn Fort, who was killed yesterday, was 19. One of the convicts still at large is a military prisoner, and the remainder were serving terms for robbery or assault. One is an Indian and two are negroes.

Nearly all came from Oklahoma and Indian Territory and are hardy men used to firearms and horses. Some have mounts, but most are on foot and defenseless. Those who are armed are likely to be shot at sight.

MUTINY HATCHED SOME MONTHS AGO. It develops that the mutiny was hatched several months ago, but that the men had never found a favorable opportunity to carry it into effect until yesterday. The mutiny was a most new, but it proved effective because of the limited number of guards. As the better behaved prisoners are used in the outside work, the conspiracy was hatched among the men in the inside gang.

The convicts chose the most favorable moment of the day, while many of the guards acting as foreman of construction of the new cellhouse were unarmed.

The casualties of the battle inside the prison walls are: Dead—Quinn Fort, a desperate criminal from the Indian Territory, who is believed to have been the ringleader of the outbreak. Wounded—Joseph B. Waldrupe, prison guard, shot in forehead and breast, little hope of his recovery; Arthur, member of the guard, shot in leg, not serious; C. E. Burrows, guard, shot in neck, slight; Andrew Leonard, guard, leg broken; crippled for life.

Since last night the old prison has presented an air of activity that it has not known for years. As soon as the alarm was given guards were formed in marching order and mounted men, armed to the teeth, were drawn up in front of the main entrance. Most of the guards were old plainmen, and the diversion of hunting down criminals stirred their blood as nothing else could have done.

No prisoners were sent out to the new penitentiary site to-day, and all work is suspended and the convicts held in cells so that the guards can take up the hunt.

WARDEN McCLAGHERY MAKES A STATEMENT. Warden McClagherey, with a force of trustees, to-day printed many copies of pictures of the convicts at large. Two hundred sets were mailed out to-night to different Chiefs of Police. The warden, who was in Kansas City when the mutiny broke out, arranging for the annual convention of the National Prison Reform Association, which is to convene there to-morrow, arrived at the prison about three hours later, and immediately set to work to recapture the convicts.

SHE WILL CHRISTEN THE MISSOURI.



MISS MARION COCKRELL, DAUGHTER OF SENATOR COCKRELL.

Miss Cokkrell will christen the battleship named for her home State at Newport News not later than January. There is even a possibility that the ship may be launched late in December.

HANNA AND THE PRESIDENT COME TO AN UNDERSTANDING.

Two Foremost Figures in Republican Party Dine Together in the White House and Agree on Most Questions of Party and Administrative Policy—Differ Only on the Trust Question.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Washington, Nov. 8.—Senator Mark A. Hanna of Ohio was a guest at the White House to-day for the first time since President Roosevelt took the oath of office.

The reception accorded the chairman of the National Republican Committee is said to have been most cordial. The President and Senator Hanna dined together. Discussion of the question of legislation that may arise in the next Congress and compared their views on questions of economy and statecraft.

It would be putting it far too strong to say that the President and Senator Hanna occupy the relations that President McKinley and Senator Hanna did, but the President thoroughly understood each other, and each will have the other's help.

Coming on the heels of Mr. Roosevelt's action in again upsetting the Addicks machine in Delaware, to which Senator Hanna had pledged his support with the administration, this may seem strange. It is, nevertheless true that there is to be strong community of interest between the President and Senator Hanna at this session of Congress at least.

Senator Hanna has pledged his heartiest support to Mr. Roosevelt. The President will consult Senator Hanna as chairman of the Republican National Committee in matters of party policy.

Differ Only on the Trust Question. On large questions the two men appear to be together with the possible exception of how trusts are to be treated. Even this difference may be reconciled.

This exception constitutes the very important news in Senator Hanna's visit. The great Ohio manager said in the campaign of 1900: "There are no trusts." He holds that the great industrial combinations are the natural outgrowth of national prosperity and are essential to America's fight for supremacy in the markets of the world.

President Roosevelt is of the impression that Congress ought to do something, if not in the way of regulating trusts, at least in the way of making it possible for investors to know exactly the sort of securities they are buying when they put their money in industrial. It is the purpose of the President, unless convinced of its inexpediency, to deal with this question in his message to Congress.

President's Views Not Radical. No one expects that Mr. Roosevelt will favor legislation to break up the trusts, but he is expected to bear down very severely on certain methods pursued by many corporations and to make recommendations that, in his opinion, will protect the public.

As to all other questions, there is apparent harmony between Senator Hanna and President Roosevelt. Mr. Roosevelt is in favor of carrying out President McKinley's policy of reciprocity. Treaties that were before the last Senate with some additional provisions will be presented in the Senate.

President Roosevelt is in favor of the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty, now being negotiated. Senator Hanna is expected to aid that treaty in every way.

President Roosevelt is not convinced of the wisdom of opening up the question of tariff revision. Senator Hanna will try to persuade the President that the tariff should not be touched, and it is said, he will not have much trouble in doing it.

Mr. Hanna arrived in Washington early this morning in response to a request from the President.

WOMAN NOTARY PUBLIC.

Governor Dockery Appoints Miss Ethyl M. Fine of Columbia.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Columbia, Mo., Nov. 8.—Miss Ethyl M. Fine of Columbia, Mo., has been appointed a Notary Public by Governor Dockery. She enjoys the distinction of being the first woman to hold such an office in Boone County, and, in all probability, in the State.

Both of these memorials are in charge of very large and energetic committees, and both are inviting the country at large to subscribe. Each is a drag on the other, and Senator Hanna frankly said, something should be done to reconcile the two movements before both result in failure.

When Senator Hanna was in his hotel, just before he dressed for dinner in the White House, there was such a suggestion that any change had occurred in the control of party affairs and patronage.

Mr. Hanna's appearance was in marked contrast with that of the sorrowing and broken man, who followed the body of William McKinley to the grave less than two months ago.

WILL VISIT FT. LEAVENWORTH. Warden Going to the Scene of the Big Riot.

About 30 members of the Prison Reform Association, an organization of prisoner wardens and jailers, passed through St. Louis last night en route to Kansas City, where the annual convention of the association will be held next week.

They will inspect the new Fort Leavenworth Prison, which is but twenty-seven miles from Kansas City, and whence twenty-six prisoners escaped Thursday. The Leavenworth Penitentiary is one of the largest penal institutions in the United States, and conducted along the most modern lines.

The convention last year also was held in Kansas City, that the Leavenworth Prison should be within easy traveling distance for the delegates.

SAYS STONE MAY LEAD TICKET. National Committeeman Believes in His Nomination.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 8.—J. G. Johnson, one of the members of the Democratic National Committee, read the interview of Secretary Charles A. Walsh of the Democratic National Committee, published in to-day's Republic.

"I believe Mr. Walsh is correct in the prediction that the next Democratic nominee for President will be a Missourian," said Mr. Johnson. "I believe the Missourian will be William J. Stone. With Mr. Stone as the standard-bearer the Democratic party should be united in 1904."

"What about the candidacy of Governor Dockery?" was asked. "I never heard that the Governor of Missouri is a candidate for the presidential nomination," was the reply. Mr. Johnson insisted that it would be folly at this time to forecast the principal planks of the platform. He refused to make the statement that silver is dead, but said:

"Silver will not be a paramount issue again unless conditions change very materially. Bi-metalism is still a live issue, but free silver is not."

NEW PRINCE OF WALES. Title Conferred Upon the Duke of Cornwall and York.

London, Nov. 8.—The Duke of Cornwall and York has been created Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester.

SETH W. COBB SAYS EUROPE IS EAGER FOR FAIR NEWS.

Fifth Vice President of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Returns From His Trip Abroad—He Urges the Necessity of Prompt Action in Sending Representatives to Foreign Fields.

Seth W. Cobb, fifth vice president of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company and chairman of the Finance and Finance Committee of the World's Fair, returned last night from a tour in England, France, Belgium and Italy, which occupied three months of the summer and fall.

Much of Mr. Cobb's time was spent in acquainting the Ministers of Foreign Affairs in the various countries which he visited with the magnitude and meaning of the Exposition. He found that President McKinley's proclamation, inviting the nations of the earth to participate in the World's Fair, had been received with every mark of consideration and interest, and the result of his inquiries is the prediction that the displays which will be exhibited by the Powers will far exceed those in any previous exposition. But the striking feature of his interview granted The Republic was the note of warning he sounded with respect to the delay in getting the Commissioners of the Fair in the field.

"It is high time that we had our representatives to foreign Governments in the field," said Mr. Cobb. "There has been altogether too much delay in this important work. None of the countries which I visited had made any definite move toward preparing for their exhibits, because they have not, as yet, been notified of the exact position that we men into the field at once we will be able, even with the short time that we have, to procure exhibits that will excel anything which has been shown at any previous world's fair."

"These representatives, from my observations, will not experience much difficulty in exhibiting the co-operation of the foreign Governments. As an American citizen I was proud to learn of the great interest which is being manifested in the Fair in every part of the world. My impressions were most cordial. I am certain that most of the labor must be done by personal solicitation rather than by advertising. Advertisement, however, is absolutely necessary to bring visitors from the other side of the Fair. In the course of my ramblings I became acquainted with many newspaper editors and with a number of prominent business men who were anxious to print something about the Fair, but, of course, they were ignorant of its historical significance, as well as the immense scope of the Exposition. It is highly important that the publicity department should lose no time in spreading literature about the Fair. Little or nothing is known in all Europe at this time concerning the Fair, and, generally speaking, the fact that the United States is interested in the success of the Exposition is not yet appreciated.

Who has just returned from Europe.

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MISS ETHEL FINE.

Appointed as a Notary Public by Governor Dockery.

State, outside of the three largest cities. Miss Fine is the assistant to J. G. Rabb, professor of the Missouri State University, and is a young woman of unusual business ability. Her duties as such bring her into daily association with large numbers of people, and she invariably wins their friendship and esteem. As a Notary Public she will transact all that portion of business of the university, which is large and entails great responsibility.

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