

SCRAP BATTLESHIPS, U. S. PLAN

DOOR IS STILL OPEN TO PEACE LONDON BELIEF

Newspapers Believe Rejection of Plan of Irish Settlement Still Leaves Door Open

MAY FORM A NEW PARTY

Bonar Law is Possible Head of Coalition Organization in England

London, Nov. 12.—Although one or two newspapers expressed grave disappointment at the Ulster cabinet's rejection of the government plan for the settlement of the Irish question the London press this morning generally sees no reason to regard the situation more serious or hopes for a settlement being lessened.

It is pointed out that while the Ulsterites rejected the proposals on the ground that they contained fundamental principles that were impossible of attainment under existing conditions they had also signified their intention of making counter proposals "which would indicate other and more practical means of securing peace without infringing upon the rights of Ulster."

Some of the correspondents say the Ulster response was exactly what had been expected and that it in no way implied that Premier Sir James Craig and his colleagues mean to slam the door to further negotiations.

The Times looks upon the Ulster decision to make counter-proposals as a step forward and the Westminster Gazette says it is proof that the Ulsterites are willing to continue the negotiations.

MAY FORM NEW PARTY

London, Nov. 12. (By the Associated Press.)—Political interests in England centers on the annual conference of the Unionist party to be held at Liverpool next week under the chairmanship of Lord Derby.

Political correspondents have hinted at a split with the party with the formation of an independent conservative party under the leadership of Andrew Bonar Law, former leader in the House of Commons. Much of the situation hinges on Mr. Bonar Law's attitude toward the Irish peace negotiations in which he is espousing Ulster's cause. An article in the Yorkshire post ascribed to Mr. Bonar Law urges the unionists by all the pledges in their past are bound to support Ulster if she refused to make any concessions. In the event of a unionist split it is believed in some quarters that the bulk of the party would still follow Premier Lloyd George and even the Unionists themselves doubt whether Mr. Bonar Law is politically and physically able to lead a conservative session against the whole of the influence of former colleagues in the cabinet.

PAULSON AUTO IS RECOVERED

Found Hidden in Brush South

of Hudson of Bismarck

The Hudson automobile of C. W. Paulson, which was stolen several nights ago from in front of St. Mary's church, was discovered last evening by two hunters. The car was hidden in the brush near Elm Grove, south of the city. F. C. Young and Mr. McCormick, who found the car, notified Mrs. Paulson.

The car was to be brought into the city today and examined to ascertain the damage which has been done, if any.

COMMISSIONERS REJECT OFFERS ON STARK BONDS

Dickinson, N. D., Nov. 12.—After rejecting all proposals for the purchase of \$550,000 worth of county bonds running 20 years and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent when the bids were opened at their regular meeting the Stark county board of commissioners decided to take a new course and passed a resolution providing for the issuance and disposal of the bonds through a sales campaign conducted by the county itself.

Five bids were presented to the commissioners, all of which save one were filed by eastern bond brokers. The fifth was presented by the First National bank of Dickinson, which offered to take one-third the total amount of the issue at six per cent with a commission charge of 4.40 per cent.

Other bids filed were that of the Lincoln Trust and Insurance company of Minneapolis, offering to take the bonds at ten per cent below par; that of the Prudden Land company of Toledo, Ohio, offering to take the bonds at par, less a commission of \$11,975; Spitzer, Rorick Company of Toledo, for a commission of \$5,380; and that of the Sidney Spitzer Company of Toledo, asking a commission of \$10,500. After considering the bids the commissioners decided that the county would be able to dispose of the bonds far more advantageously through its own efforts than by dealing with a brokerage house. Consequently all bids were rejected and the passing of the resolution followed.

SNAPSHOTS OF INTERESTING MEN AND WOMEN WHO HAVE COME TO MOMENTOUS ARMS MEETING FROM FAR CORNERS OF EARTH



WOMEN OF EAST AND WEST PLEAD—Madame Kaji Yajima, of Japan, at the White House with American women to urge arms reduction. They presented petitions to President Harding. Madame Kaji Yajima, front center; on her right, Miss Lida Haford, Federation of Women's Clubs. The others, left to right: Mrs. Topping, interpreter for Madame Yajima; Mrs. Wm. F. McDowell; Miss Anna Gordon, president of the W. C. T. U.; and Mrs. Ellis A. Yost.

PEOPLE OF WORLD WANT WAR OUTLAWED, HARDING DECLARES

President, Speaking as Official Sponsor For Washington Conference on Limitation of Armaments, Points to Staggering Burden of War

Washington, Nov. 12.—The text of President Harding's address at the opening of the conference on limitation of armaments follows:

Mr. Secretary and Members of the Conference Ladies and Gentlemen: It is a great and happy privilege to bid the delegates to this conference a cordial welcome to the capitol of the United States of America. It is not only satisfaction to greet you because we were lately participants in a common cause, in which shared sacrifices and sorrows and triumphs brought our nations more closely together, but it is gratifying to address you as the spokesmen for nations whose convictions and attending actions have so much to do with the weal or woe of all mankind.

It is not possible to over-appraise the importance of such a conference. It is no unseemly boast, no disparagement of other nations, which, though not represented, are held in high respect, to declare that the conclusions of this body will have a signal influence on all human progress—the fortunes of the world.

Here is a meeting, I can well believe, which is an earnest of the awakened conscience of twentieth century civilization. It is not a convention of remorse nor a session of sorrows. It is not the conference of victors to define terms of settlement. Nor is it a council of nations seeking to remake humankind. It is rather a coming together from all parts of the earth to apply the better attributes of mankind to minimize the faults in our international relationships.

Called for Entire World Speaking as official sponsor for the invitation I think I may say the call is not of the United States of America alone. It is rather the spoken word of a war-weary world struggling for restoration, hungering and thirsting for better relationship; of humanity crying for relief and craving assurances of lasting peace.

It is easy to understand this world-wide aspiration. The glory of triumph, the love of liberty, the devotion of country, the pang of sorrow, the burden of debt, the desolation of ruin—all these are appraised alike in all lands. Here in the United States we are but freshly turned from the burial of an unknown American soldier, when a nation sorrowed while paying him tribute. Whether it was spoken or not, a hundred millions of our people were summarizing the inexcusable cause, the incalculable, the unspeakable sacrifices, and the unutterable sorrows, and there was the ever-present question: How can humanity justify or God forgive? Human hate demands no such toll; ambition and greed must be denied it. If misunderstanding must take the (Continued on Page 2)

TRY TO KILL SOVIET LEADER

Riga, Latvia, Nov. 12. (By the Associated Press.)—News was received here today from Moscow that an attempt had been made on the life of M. Chitchevin, Russian Soviet foreign minister. The attempt was unsuccessful, according to the dispatch which added that 3,000 arrests had been made.

Price Declines Shown An advertisement appearing in The Tribune by A. W. Lucas and company yesterday, showing comparative prices of 1921 and 1920, has attracted much attention. It shows decreases in prices ranging from 20 to 50 per cent with an average price decline of 40 per cent. Retailers of Bismarck have given their customers full benefit of all declines in the market and it is the general opinion that the present level of prices will obtain for a long time, as the prices are on a level with wages and general manufacturing costs. Increases are forecast on many articles.

POLITICS AT PARLEY

By NEA Service

Washington, Nov. 12.—Politics will play a hand in every deliberation at the disarmament conference; this is the way politics will intrude: GREAT BRITAIN. The British delegation represents a coalition or harmony government, many factions of which are threatening to bolt. Most English are sick of armament taxes, but the strong foreign trade element demands protection.

FRANCE. Premier Briand, heading the delegation, represents the anti-militarist party, opposing Clemenceau and his mailed first policy. France wants its army reduced, but is more eager to see the reparations collected. Briand, to make his job good, must secure an agreement between Great Britain and America to protect France against Germany.

ITALY. The delegation represents a ministry without a pronounced foreign policy. But to satisfy Italians the delegation will have to regain the prestige Italy lost when Premier Orlando bolted at Versailles.

JAPAN. The Japanese delegation will be between two fires—interests that stand for peace and world cooperation, and the nobility, militarists and expansionists that demand Japanese domination of the Pacific and Orient.

CHINA. This delegation represents a government tottering under assaults from rebels within and concession-greedy foreigners without.

FRENCH DOUBT PARLEY SUCCESS

Interested But Not Optimistic Over Armament Parley

Paris, Nov. 12.—Interest but no undue optimism marks the French attitude toward the armament conference as evidenced by the editorial comments in the morning newspapers. Apparently summing up the French viewpoint Jacques Bainville, eminent writer on international history, remarks in the Excelsior:

"There has been many disarmament conferences the results of which have not always answered the hopes of their promoters but perhaps the conference called by President Harding in Washington will be more fortunate because it is based not only on good intentions but on positive data."

JAP CABINET IS FORMED

Tokio, Nov. 12.—Baron Korekiyo Takahashi, minister of finance in the Hara cabinet, was named premier today.

SOO NAMES NEW WILTON AGENT

Wilton, N. D., Nov. 12.—W. H. King, of Canton, South Dakota, is Wilton's new Soo line depot agent. G. A. Richardson was checked out and turned over the responsibilities and duties of the station to his successor.

Mr. King is an experienced railroad man and has already expressed himself as very favorably impressed with the Light City, finding it a very enterprising municipality.

STATE LICENSE FORCE REDUCED; MANY RELEASED

All of Men in Inspection Department and Dry Force Except Three Discharged

Most of the employees of the state licensing department have been released from their positions. Chief Inspector H. B. Dunbar, who has the Bismarck district; F. L. Watkins, in charge of the Minot district, and Dunbar Cole in charge of the eastern district, remain in the department.

The state licensing department, which is an adjunct of the Attorney-General's department, handles the collection of licenses of pool halls, theaters, bowling alleys, etc., and enforcement of the prohibition laws in this state.

Most of the collections are made in the months following the beginning of the fiscal year, July 1. Lack of available funds is understood to have been the cause of the discharge of employees as well as completion of most of the collection work. Expenses of the department have been considerable in the last few months. The treasurer's balance shows about \$1,000 in the fund. The bulk of the revenue until the next fiscal year's collections has been received.

RETAILERS OF CITY INVITED TO HALL TALK

Director General of Advertising Clubs to Speak in Bismarck Monday Evening

An especial invitation to sales people to attend the talk to be given Monday night in American Legion hall by J. A. Hall, director-general of the educational division of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, has been extended by the Bismarck Town Criers club.

Mr. Hall is a recognized authority on retail merchandising and salesmanship. His election to the important post he now holds expresses the sentiment of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World as to his efficiency and technical standing.

Because Mr. Hall's talk will deal with merchandising, and is based upon scientific study of merchandising and advertising and personal contact with the business in many cities, the Town Criers have issued a general invitation to persons engaged in the selling game to be present.

POLICE CHIEF OF MINOT SOON GOES TO TRIAL

Minot, N. D., Nov. 12.—An affidavit of prejudice was filed in district court by attorneys for the defense in the case of Larry M. Byrne and W. S. Brown, chief and captain of the Minot police, charged respectively with grand larceny and extortion.

Francis Murphy, one of the attorneys for the defendants in the Byrne and Brown cases, in explanation of the filing of affidavits of prejudice in those cases said: "The defendants are ready and anxious for an immediate trial, but the accent should be on the word trial, I am satisfied that this prosecution was conceived in personal hostility on the part of one holding a high public position, and it is our duty as attorneys to see that the trial is held before the judge who might not be embarrassed by the close relationship with the chief instigator."

3,000 POSTCARDS ARRIVED IN U. S. FOR BRITISHER

New York, Nov. 12.—David Lloyd George the British premier, was saved from a bad attack of writer's cramps by waiting in England by the bedside of the Irish problem it became known today. The steamship Aquitania on which passage had been booked for him came in port with several mail bags of postcards filled for him. Every one of them, 3,000 to be exact, bore the name and address of the British lass who wished him God's speed and success to the arms conference.

The postcards will be returned to the premier's Downing street address, where he can attack the problem of replying to them at his leisure.

ORAL HYGIENE CHIEF TOPIC AT DENTAL MEET

Interesting Symposium on Child Welfare Work at Slope Clinic Luncheon

Dentists of the Missouri Slope performed a real service to this section of the state at the McKenzie hotel Saturday noon by staging a symposium upon "Oral Hygiene" that is bound to have far reaching effect in promoting general welfare among the children as well as the adults by riveting attention upon the economic value as well as the general necessity of dental care.

The luncheon given by the Missouri Slope Dental association was attended by representatives of the school boards of Bismarck and Mandan. Officials of the commercial and civic bodies as well as the press were present and the dentists took them into their confidence and told just what they were striving to do to aid the school authorities in preparing the children physically to meet the educational demands of the curriculum.

Minot Clinic Dr. Householder of Minot told of the wonderful result of the dental clinic conducted in that city. After the first year marked improvement was made in the condition of the teeth of the school children and with the application of the principles of oral hygiene came a better rank of scholarship. There were less failures and pupils whose percentages were just of passing mark secured higher rank. Dr. Householder told interestingly of the experiments at Bridgeport, Conn., where one of the best dental clinics is conducted. He showed how the clinic under the direction of the school authorities pays from a dollar and cents standpoint.

Miss Neilson Speaks Miss Minnie Neilson, superintendent of education, who has taken an advanced position upon the teaching of oral hygiene in the state schools pledged her hearty cooperation. She had with her as evidence of the deep interest taken in this work Miss Grace Osborne, New York, assistant crusade executive of the National Tuberculosis association and Mrs. Gertrude Haabrouck of Rhode Island, a child welfare worker. These authorities have been lecturing at school institutes. They stressed the necessity of oral hygiene in the school. Miss Osborne illustrated how health subjects are made more interesting through the application of modern methods. The value of child cooperation in bringing better sanitation to the homes of the nation was graphically described.

Superintendents Love and Martin of the Mandan and Bismarck schools pledged their aid in promoting the cause of oral hygiene. George Will, president of the Bismarck school board, expressed a desire to restore a school nurse to the schools as soon as a public demand was made upon the board. The work, he said, had been dispensed with because of the shortage of funds. He intimated that the board would try to restore this service as soon as enough parents petitioned for it as the work was productive of good results in his estimation.

Thomas Sullivan of the Mandan Commercial club and Geo. N. Keniston pledged their assistance to put over this drive for school dental clinics.

Thirty dentists from many towns in western North Dakota are in attendance at the first clinic of the Missouri Slope Dental Association, being held in the American Legion hall today.

Dr. C. F. Sweet, of Minot, gave a clinic this morning on "Surgical Removal of Teeth."

Dr. Householder will give another lecture tonight in the Legion hall on the relationship of diet to oral hygiene, which will be discussed by Dr. G. M. Foster, of Beach, and Dr. G. A. Rawlings, of Bismarck.

HUGHES PRESENTS PROGRAM TO DELEGATES AT CONFERENCE FOR IMMEDIATE REDUCTION OF NAVIES

Proposal of United States Furnishes Basis For Conference On Limitation of Armament—Definite Number of Ships To Be Destroyed and Prohibition Upon Future Building For Ten Years is Outlined By Secretary of State.

Washington, Nov. 12.—America's concrete proposals for reducing naval strength—the crux of the arms conference—was presented today by Secretary of Hughes at the very opening of the first session of the armament conference. The conference adjourned at 12:22 o'clock until Tuesday.

"A naval holiday in which all building programs should be abandoned and the older ships of present navies scrapped" was the keynote of the American proposal. Mr. Hughes laid down four general principles: "1. That all capital ships building programs either actual or projected should be abandoned. "2. That further reduction should be made through the scrapping of certain of the older ships. "3. That in general regard should be had to the existing naval strength of the powers concerned. "4. That the capital ship tonnage should be used as the measurement of strength for navies and a proportionate allowance of auxiliary combat craft prescribed."

U. S. Would Scrap 30 Ships

For the United States the program would scrap all capital ships under construction, 15 in number, and 15 of the older battleships. Great Britain would stop construction on her four new ships of the Hood type and scrap all her second and first line battleships up to the King George V class.

The total tonnage to be scrapped by the United States under Secretary Hughes' proposals would aggregate 845,740 tons including that of ships under construction; Great Britain 583,375 tons including that of four ships of the Hood type now building and Japan 448,928 tons taking in ships building.

As a replacement program the American government proposed that no more ships be laid down for the next ten years and that a maximum replacement tonnage be fixed providing eventually for five hundred thousand tons for the United States, 500,000 for Great Britain and 300,000 tons for Japan.

AGED WOMAN IS FATALLY SHOT

Jameson, N. D., Nov. 12.—Mrs. Cella Nelson, aged 75 years, was fatally wounded when a shotgun was accidentally discharged by a small grandson, the shot entering her hip, arm and abdomen. Mrs. Nelson was at the home of a son-in-law at Tuttle, with whom she lived. She was sitting in a chair in the winds of her home holding a grandson. A 5-year-old grandson came in and laid a shotgun on the couch. The small boy got off his grandmother's lap, walked over to the gun and accidentally pulled the trigger.

Mrs. Nelson was brought to a Jamestown hospital, and Dr. Holt performed an operation in an effort to save her life, but she died Thursday evening. Her intestines had been penetrated by the shot. Funeral will be in Crosby.

ROLL CALL OF RED CROSS IS STARTED HERE

Three Hundred People Pay Their \$1 Membership in First Drive of Boy Scouts

The annual Roll Call of the Red Cross opened in Bismarck today. The Boy Scouts are in charge of the work and they plan to make a house to house canvass as well as maintaining the booths downtown. Thirty-five Boy Scouts are enrolled in this work.

Fred Hanson is director of the Roll Call. Up to noon today it was estimated that \$300 had been received in \$1 memberships. The Red Cross ask that the people of Bismarck lend their hearty support to the Roll Call in order that it will be a success. The fund raised in the Roll Call is the amount that the Red Cross will be able to use in relieving poverty and it is asked that everyone respond.

Anyone that may be missed in the house-to-house canvass are asked to send their donation to Mrs. Fred L. Hanson or to Fred Hanson, Mrs. Hanson will have the work for Burleigh county organized by Monday.

WEATHER REPORT. For twenty-four hours ending at noon Nov. 12. Temperature at 7 A. M. 20 Highest yesterday 19 Lowest yesterday 15 Lowest last night 16 Precipitation04 Highest wind velocity 20-SE

Weather Forecast. For Bismarck and vicinity: Snow this afternoon and probably tonight; Sunday unsettled and colder. For North Dakota: Snow this afternoon and probably tonight; warmer in the southeast portion tonight; Sunday unsettled and colder. W. ROBERTS, Meteorologist.

Would Prohibit Replacement

A proviso also would be included permitting replacement of capital ships when they were 20 years old and prohibiting construction of any ships built in replacement with a tonnage of more than 35,000 tons. The text of the proposal as it concerns three leading naval powers says: "The United States is now completing its program of 1916 calling for ten new battleships and six battle cruisers. One battleship has been completed. The others are in various stages of construction in some cases from 60 to 80 per cent of the construction has been done. On these 15 capital ships now being built over \$330,000,000 has been spent. Still the United States is willing in the interest of an immediate limitation of naval armament to scrap all these ships.

Would Destroy Many Ships

"Under this plan the proposal says, there would be immediately destroyed of the navies of the three powers 65 capital fighting ships built and building with a total tonnage of 1,878,043. "It is proposed that it should be agreed by the United States, Great Britain and Japan that their navies with respect to capital ships within three months after the making of the agreement shall consist of certain ships designated in the proposal and number for the United States 18; for Great Britain 22; for Japan 10. The tonnage of these ships would be as follows: Of the United States 500,000; of Great Britain 604,450; of Japan 239,790.

THE FIRST SESSION.

Fresh with memories of the soldier dead the conference on the limitation of armaments met in its first session today to seek the "rule under which reason and righteousness shall prevail."

In the memorial hall of the Daughters of the American Revolution the statesmen and diplomats of five great powers and the representatives of four more gathered about the table to organize the way through which they hope to remove causes which might lead to war and then as a consequence remove the economic burden and wastes the world suffers in preparation.

Although the opening hour of the first session was set for 10:30 o'clock the notables began arriving soon after 10 to hear the opening address of President Harding and to form their permanent organization with Secretary Hughes as president of the conference.

The galleries allotted to the representatives of social and diplomatic life the world over contained many notable figures of present day history.

JAPAN'S OPINION

Washington, Nov. 12. (By the Associated Press.)—The American armament limitation plan as outlined to the armament conference today by Secretary Hughes was described by Admiral Barron Kato as very drastic but a good proposal to have placed before the conference.

Open New Office

Van Horn and Ritterbusch have taken over the architectural office of W. J. Edwards in Grand Forks, and will operate this office in addition to their Bismarck office. Arthur Van Horn and C. W. Ritterbusch will continue to maintain headquarters in Bismarck while Robert Ritterbusch, who is now at Grand Forks, probably will spend all of his time in that city.